



Lucie

H A L S T E A D

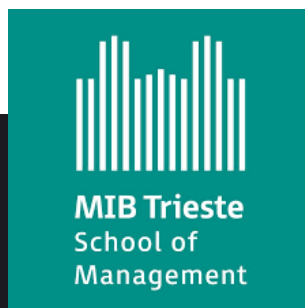
WINE & SPIRITS
BUSINESS STRATEGY

CONSULTANCY. EDUCATION.
INTERIM LEADERSHIP.
BOARD ADVISORY.



WSET

GÉRARD
BASSET
FOUNDATION



Session 1:

Why market orientation drives sustainable profit growth

Global macro trends

Wine will continue to be enjoyed and consumed

| | Global wine volume (9ltr cases) | Global wine retail value (US\$) |
|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2019 | 3.15 billion | \$198 billion |
| 2023 | 2.69 billion | \$202 billion |
| 2028 | 2.53 billion | \$202 billion |

Source:  IWSR

1. India and the US will be key value beverage alcohol growth drivers to 2028

India and the US will be key value TBA (total beverage alcohol) growth markets (adding US\$15bn in incremental value by 2028)

TBA growth axis continues to shift towards developing economies – Brazil, China, Mexico, South Africa and Spain – are expected to add a combined incremental US\$17bn to 2028



2. Post pandemic inventory overload impact continues in 2024

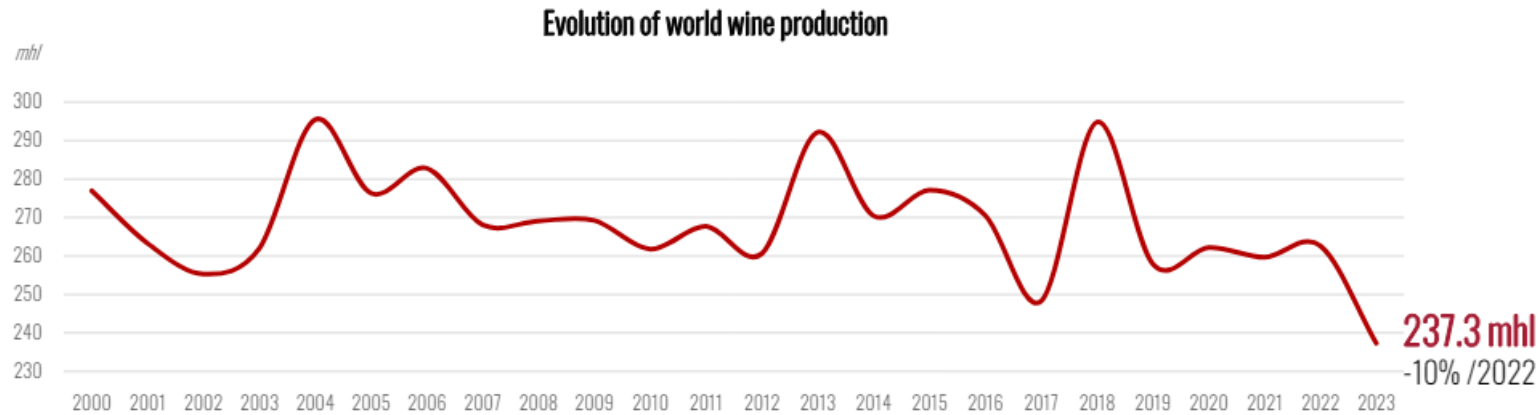
TBA is forecast to be flat (0.4% volume and value) in 2024, with recovery from 2025 onwards

Source:  IWSR

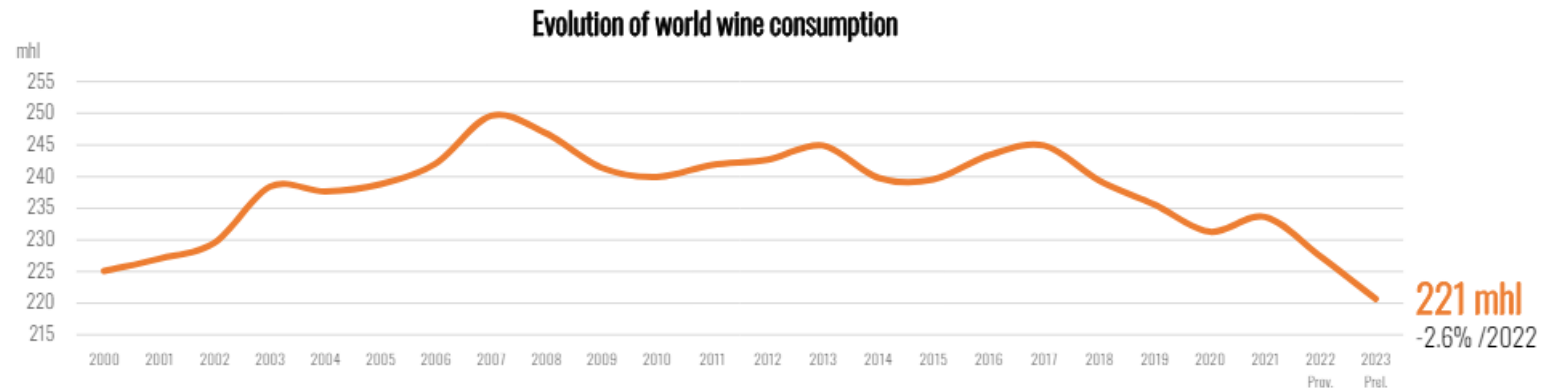


3. Global wine moving to equilibrium: both lower production and consumption

Wine Production

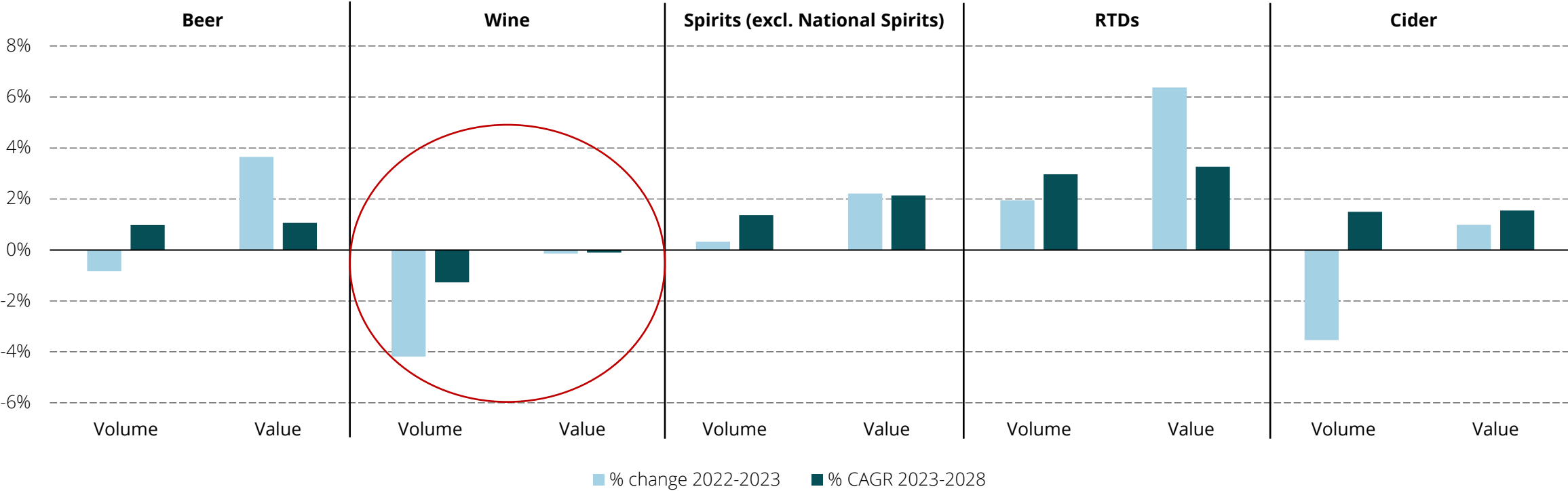


Wine Consumption



Global TBA volume down -1%, whilst value up 3% in 2023

Volume and value comparison – top line categories
% change 2022–23 and CAGR forecast 2023-2028

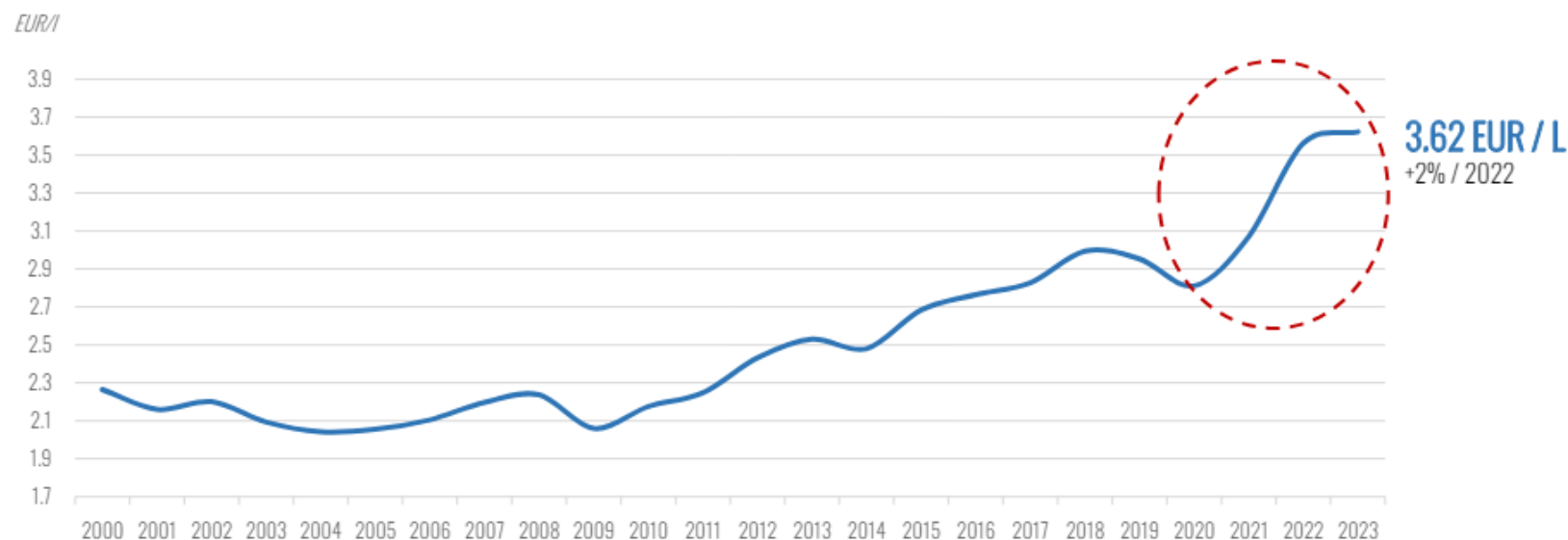


4. Continued 'premiumisation' in wine

International Trade in Wine



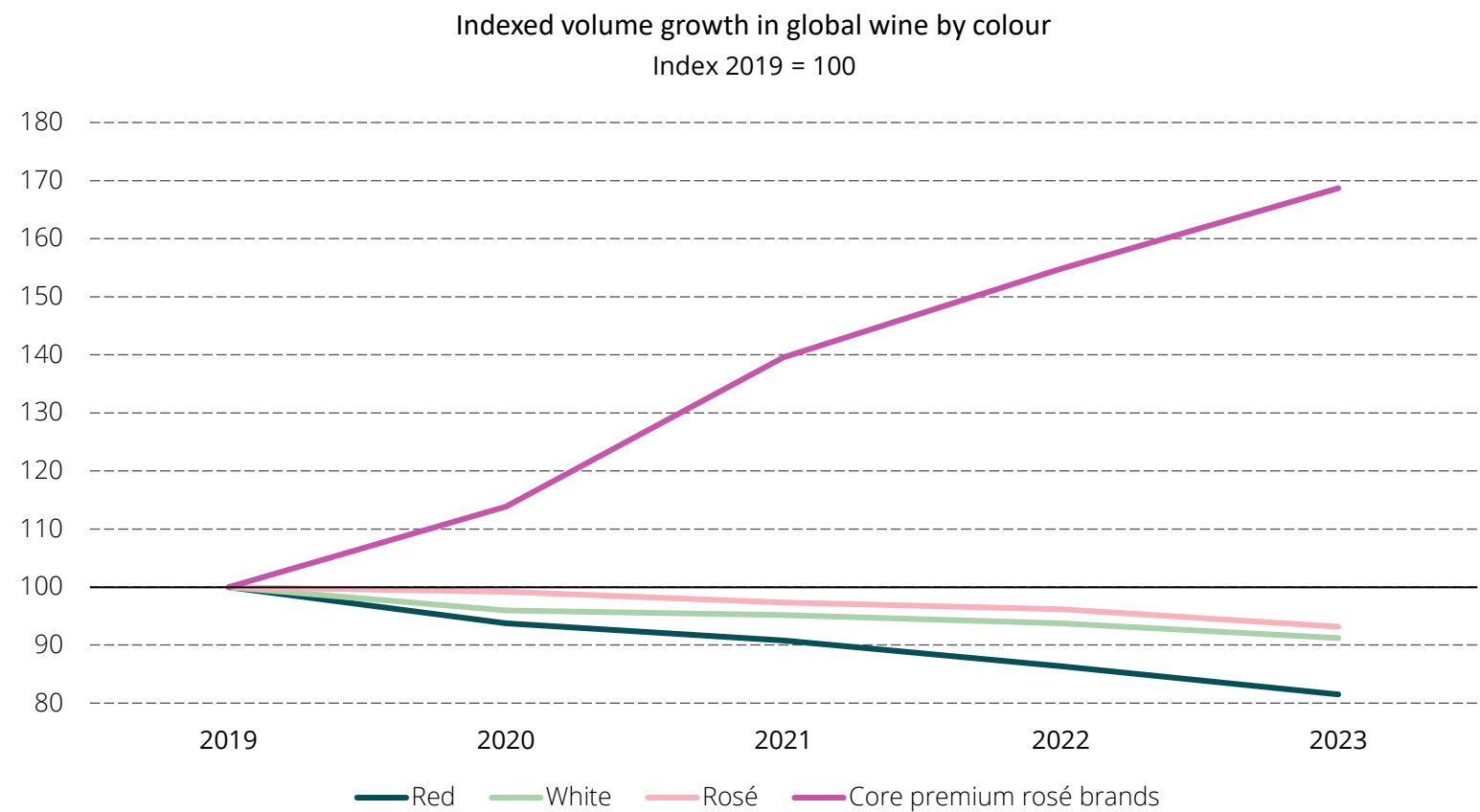
Evolution of world average export price



The average world export price of wine in 2023 peaked at **3.62 EUR/L**, the **highest ever recorded**. This represents a **significant increase of 29% since 2020**. This rise in prices primarily stems from higher costs incurred by producers, importers, and distributors, a **direct consequence of global inflationary pressures**.

Premium rosé: countering the decline in wine

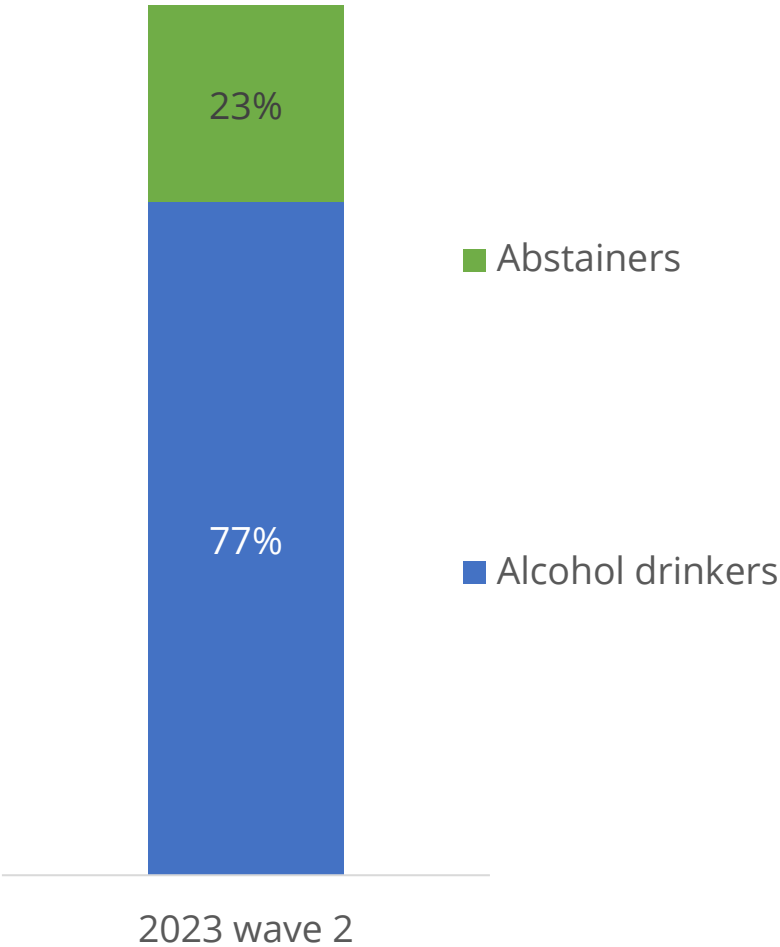
US, UK and Australia are key markets for premium rosé brands



5. Continued moderation of alcohol consumption



% alcohol drinkers vs. abstainers
amongst adult LDA population



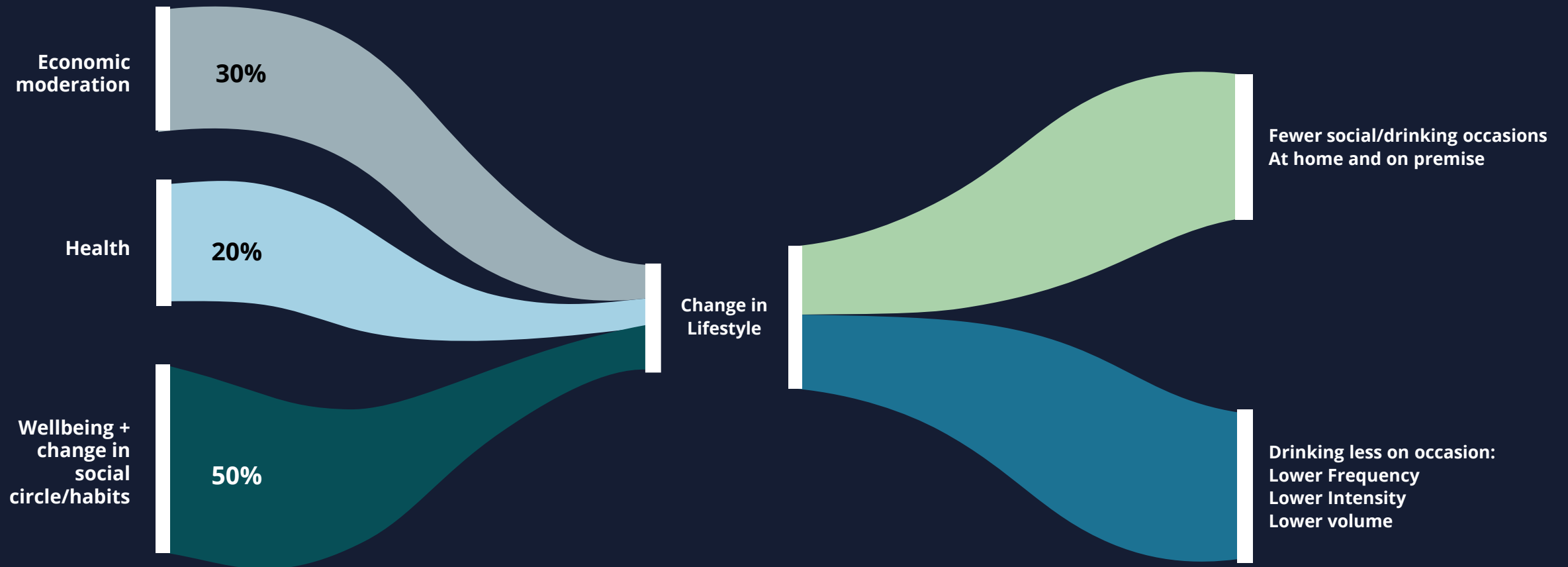
% abstainers
amongst adult
LDA population

| | |
|-----------|-----|
| Brazil | 21% |
| UK | 18% |
| India | 29% |
| US | 30% |
| Canada | 25% |
| Australia | 23% |
| Japan | 44% |
| Germany | 24% |
| Mexico | 15% |
| China | 9% |

Base: LDA+ adults, n>1,096 per market across 15 key markets, September 2023

Bevtrac data: consumer rationale for moderation

Lifestyle adjustments brought by post-covid era as well as macroeconomic factors are shaping new consumption patterns



Base: Drinkers

What is the purpose of business?

To create long-term value

To provide employment

To generate profit

To contribute to society & the community



How do we generate profit?

What is the most important function in your business to drive profit to 2030?

(Rank from #1 - #7)

- ☐ Sales
- ☐ Finance
- ☐ Viticulture
- ☐ Wine making
- ☐ Marketing
- ☐ HR
- ☐ Procurement

How do we generate profit?



**By solving problems and meeting the
needs of customers and consumers
through our products or services**

Wine business success to 2030

| | Never | Occasionally | Sometimes | Often | Always |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|--------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| If we educate our consumers, they will buy more of our products | | | | | |
| Our winemaking team decides which products to produce | | | | | |
| Our sales team set our prices | | | | | |
| Our marketing team primarily supports our sales team | | | | | |
| Our business decisions are led by market information | | | | | |
| We systematically & continuously monitor market trends | | | | | |
| We invest in understanding the needs of our target market | | | | | |
| We meet regularly with people from across the organisation to review market opportunities & risks | | | | | |
| We have good communication between departments regarding market information | | | | | |
| Customer feedback is systematically collected & used to improve our products & service | | | | | |
| We systematically collect information about our competition | | | | | |

Business orientation

Product orientation

Sales orientation

Market orientation

Business orientation

Product orientation

- Our primary focus is on the wines we make
- We know our wines are fantastic
- We don't need consumer feedback
- Marketing is there to get our consumers to love our great wines
- The product is king

Business orientation

Sales orientation

- We care most about sales
- We don't need customer feedback
- The more wines we have the better
- Marketing is only there to support sales activities
- Revenue is king

Business orientation

Market orientation

- We make wines that our consumers want
- The wine consumer is king
- Our supply chain partners are a key source of insight
- Market understanding is important
- Competitor analysis is vital
- We test our wines with customers before we go to market



DIAGEO

Wine business success to 2030



| | Never | Occasionally | Sometimes | Often | Always |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|-------|--------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| If we educate our consumers, they will buy more of our products | | | | | ★ |
| Our winemaking team decides which products to produce | | | | | ★ |
| Our sales team set our prices | | | | | ★ |
| Our marketing team primarily supports our sales team | | | | | ★ |

Product orientation

Sales orientation

Market orientation

Wine business success to 2030

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| Customer feedback is systematically collected & used to improve our products & service | | | | | ★ |
| We systematically collect information about our competition | | | | | ★ |

Product orientation

Sales orientation

Market orientation

What are the barriers to market orientation in wine ?



- Research is too expensive
- Not enough time to research - we need to sell
- Our opinion is best - we have professional experience
- Consumers don't know what they want anyway
- We make great wines - that's what matters most
- Marketing should only focus on PR & events

CREATE. CHANGE.

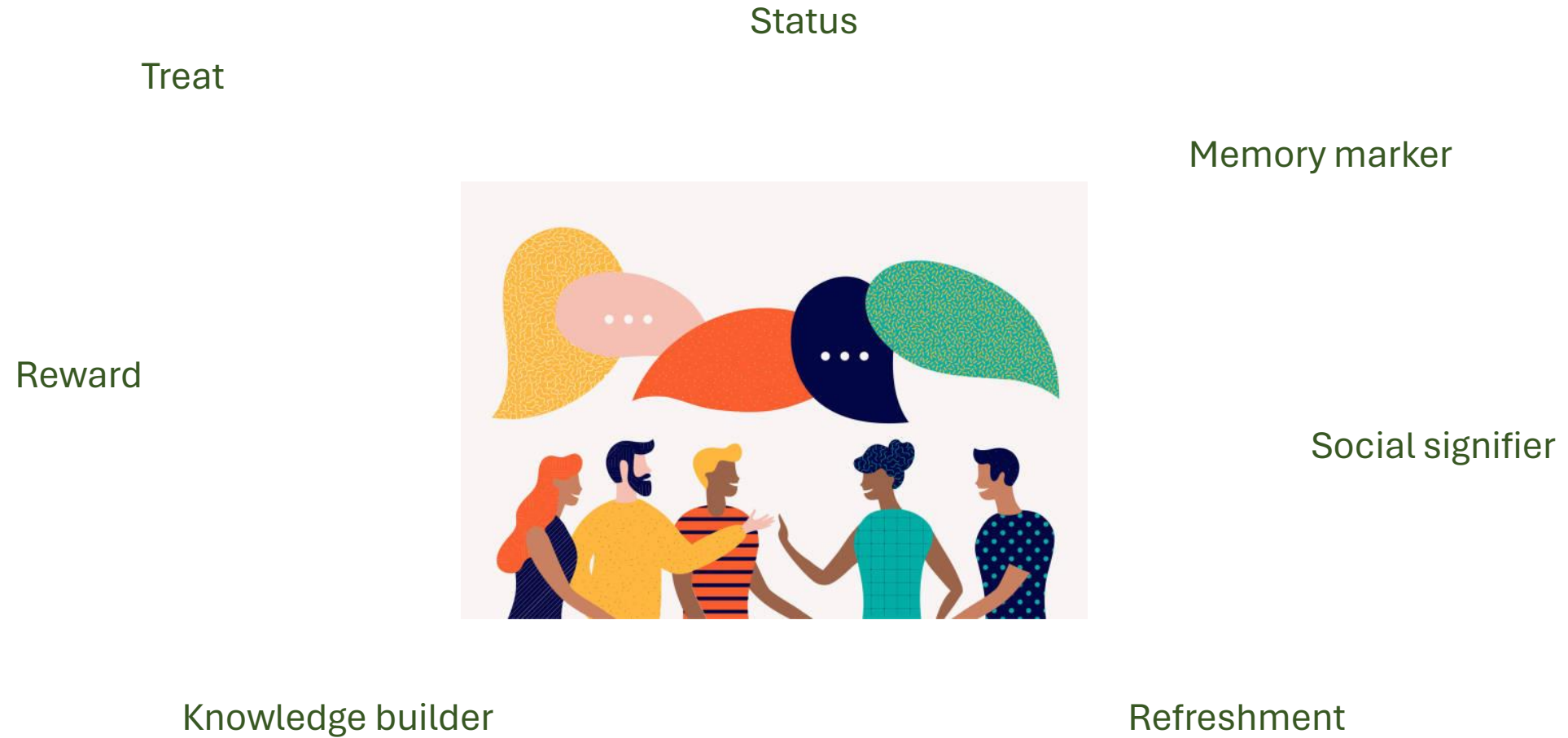
‘Wineries need to take wine out of its self-imposed ghetto’

Robert Jospeh

‘The wine industry can be slow to embrace change, being steeped in tradition.
Finding solutions often means making bold changes, which can be risky for any business

Mike Carter

What 'needs' does wine solve?



We are not our consumers – and never will be

‘Understand the behaviour and motivations of your customers and other folks whom you’d like to buy your wine.
Do your research so you no longer have to guess’

Patrick Merrill



Our world

The real world



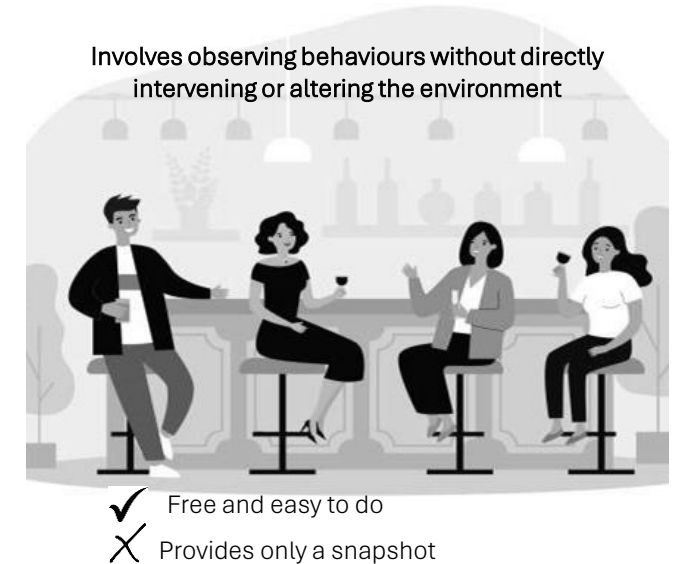
Action #1:

Prioritise and invest in true consumer understanding

Primary

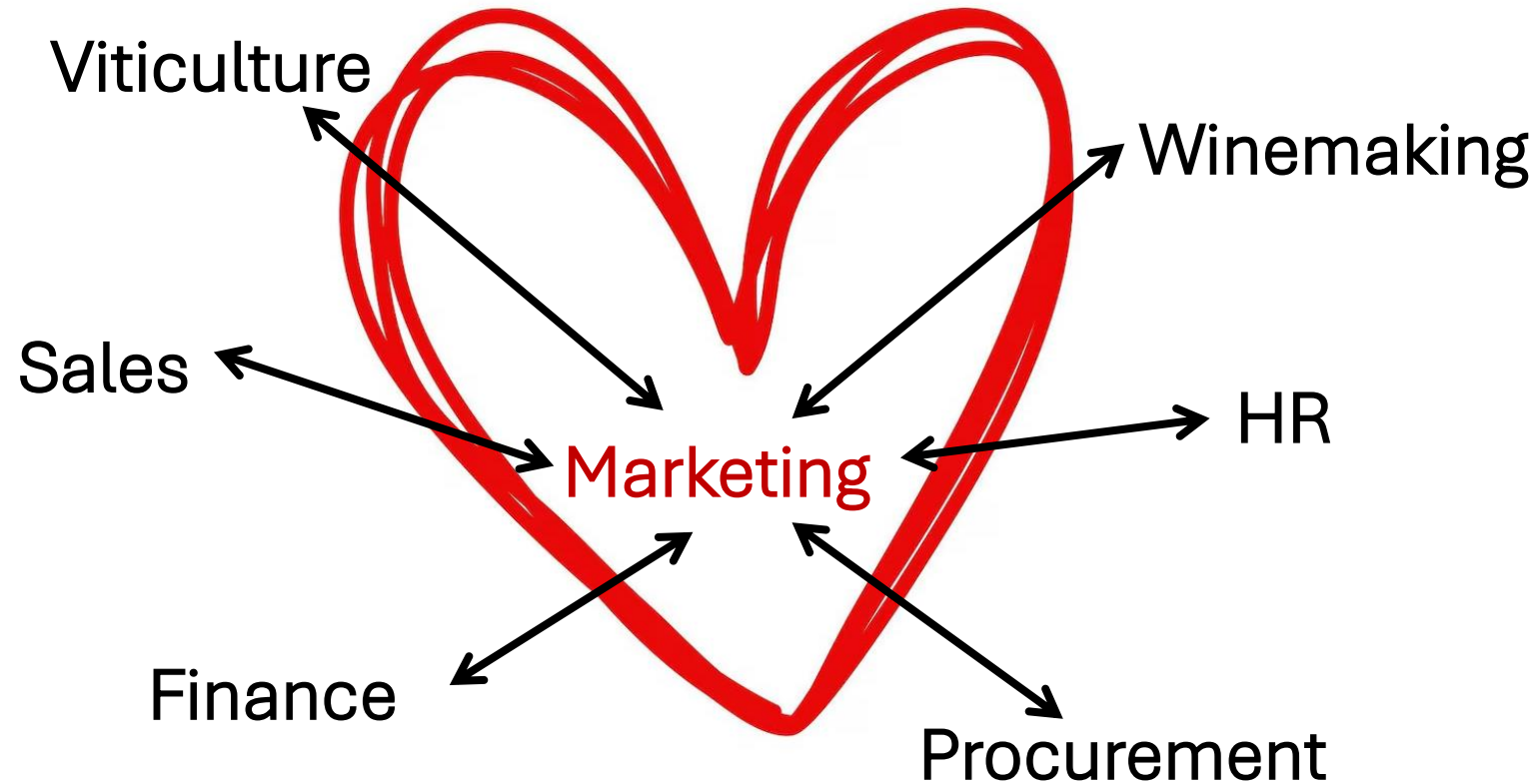
Secondary

Observational



Action #2:

Place market orientation at the heart of your organisation



Action #3:

Prioritise investment in strategic marketing skills

To be successful, companies need to ensure that all departments adopt and promote the market orientation approach, so that it becomes an integral part of the corporate culture

Session 2:

Global market trends and consumer demands

Key Consumer Trends in Wine to 2023

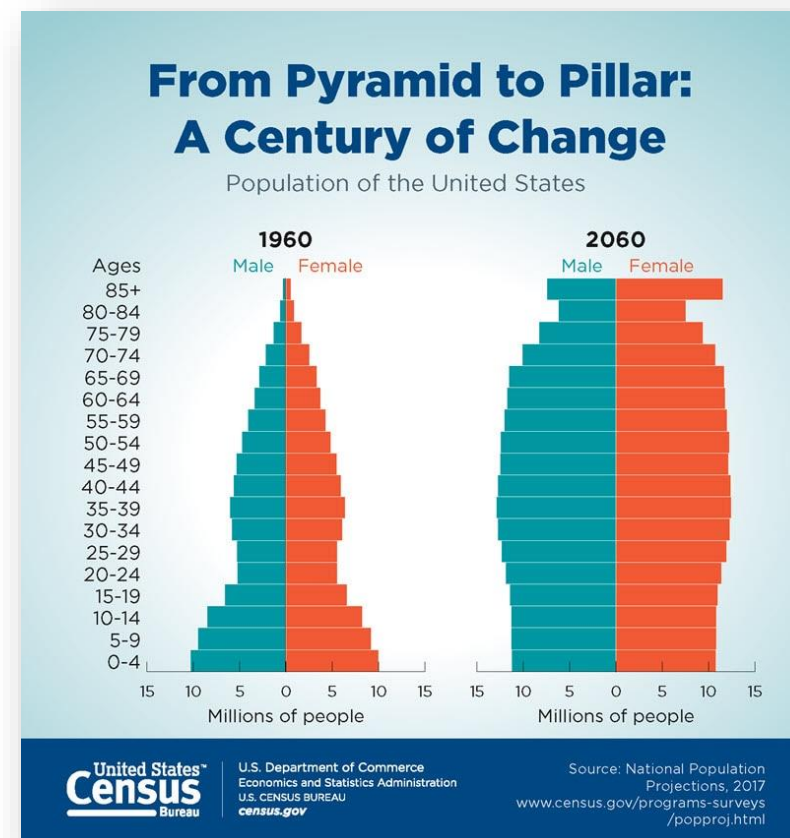
| Demographics | Society | Consumption | Taste |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Ageing active population | Social cause support | Health & wellness focus | Refreshment |
| Household diversity | Environmental focus | Social media consumption | Blurring boundaries |

Ageing active population

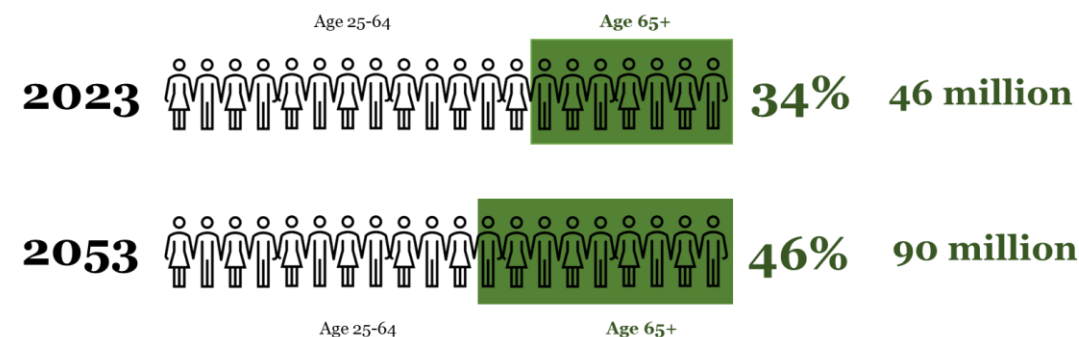
In mid-2020 there were 1.7 million people in the UK aged 85 years+ (2.5% of the population)

By mid-2045, this is projected to have nearly doubled to 3.1 million (4.3% of the population)

(ONS, UK Gov)

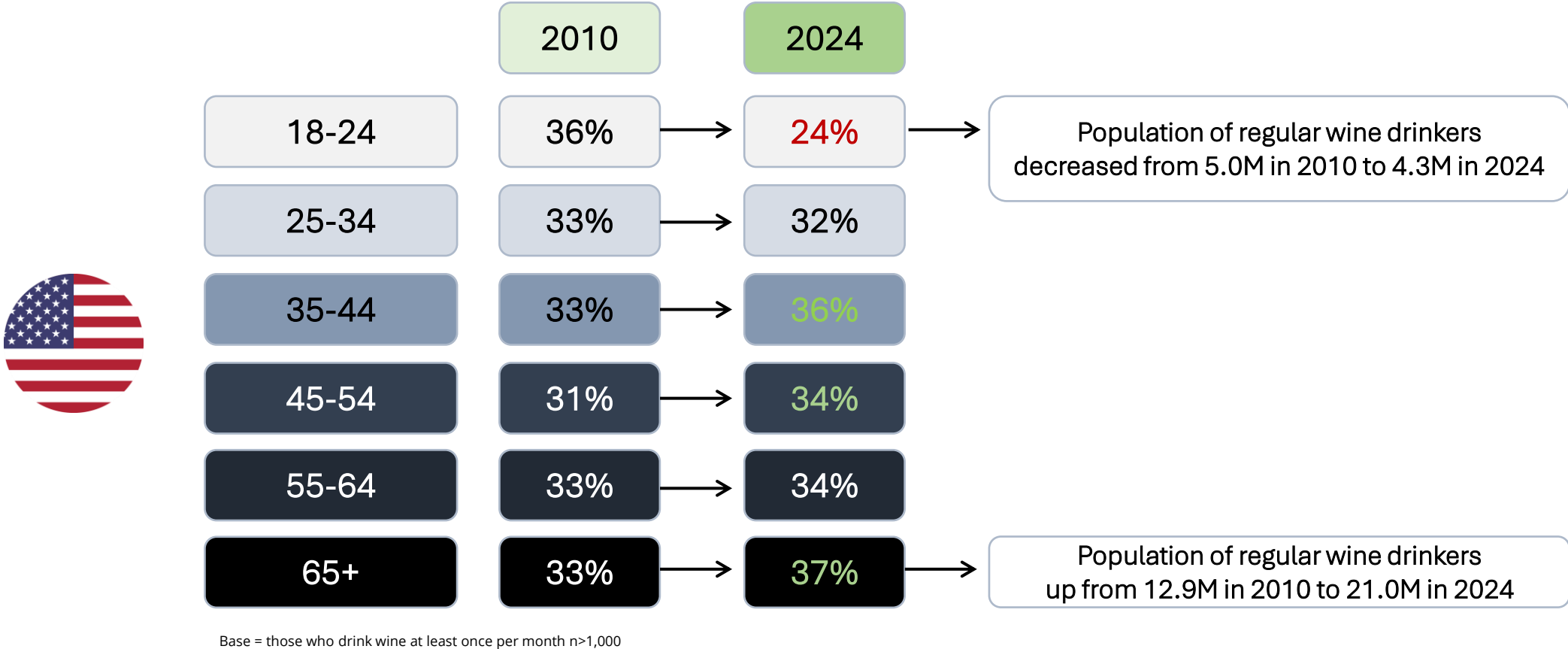


Proportion of US adults aged 65+



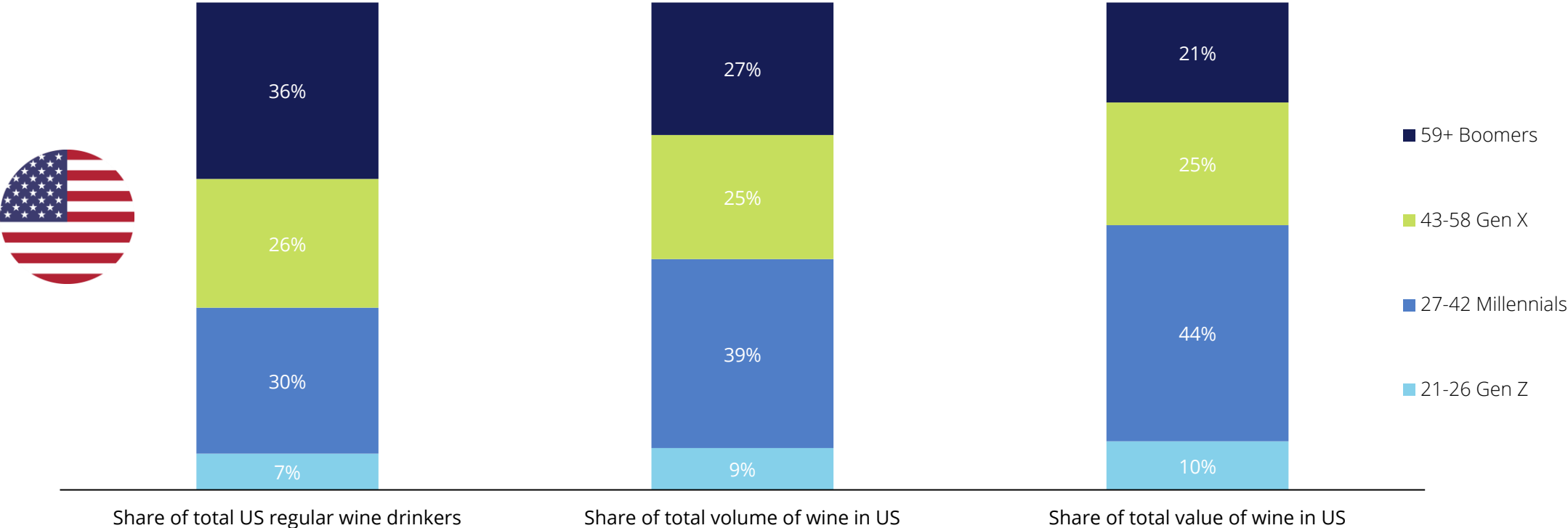
Sources: US Census Bureau, Congressional Budget Office 2023

Monthly+ wine drinking participation rates by age cohort: USA



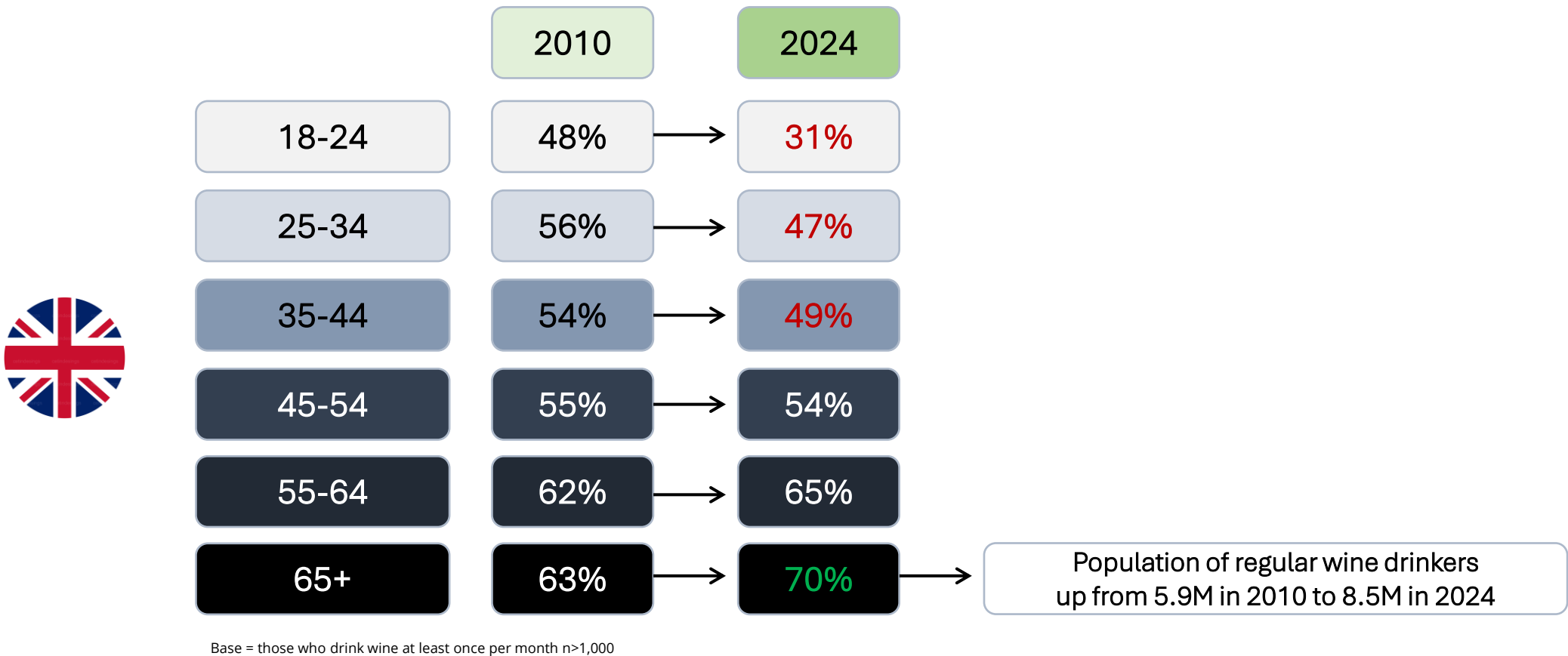
Market sizing: Age

Percentage of each age group amongst regular US wine drinkers

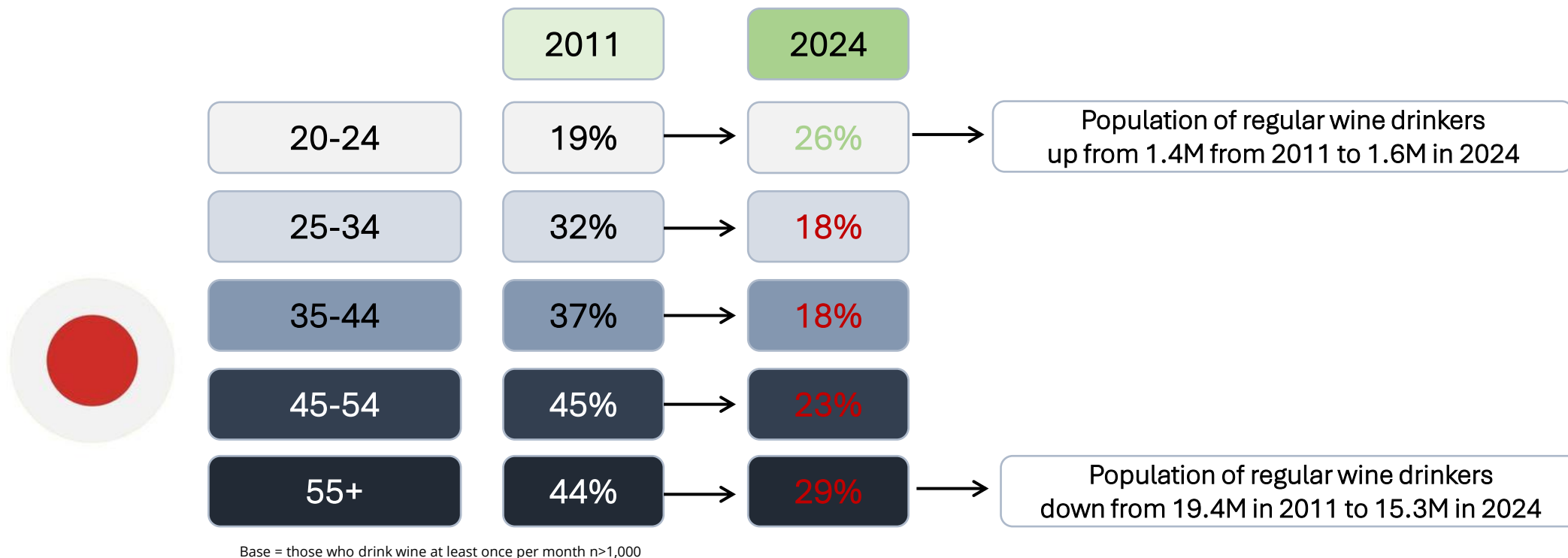


Base: All US regular wine drinkers (n=4,025); Source: Vinitrac® US, February 2024 (n=4,025) US regular wine drinkers

Monthly+ wine drinking participation rates by age cohort: UK

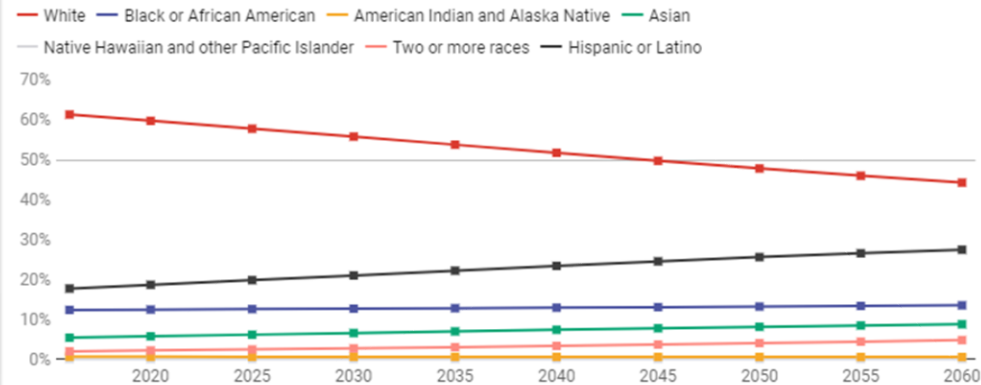


Monthly+ wine drinking participation rates by age cohort: Japan



Projected race/ethnicity breakdown

After 2045, non-Hispanic whites will likely make up less than half of all Americans.



All groups not Hispanic or Latino unless specified otherwise.

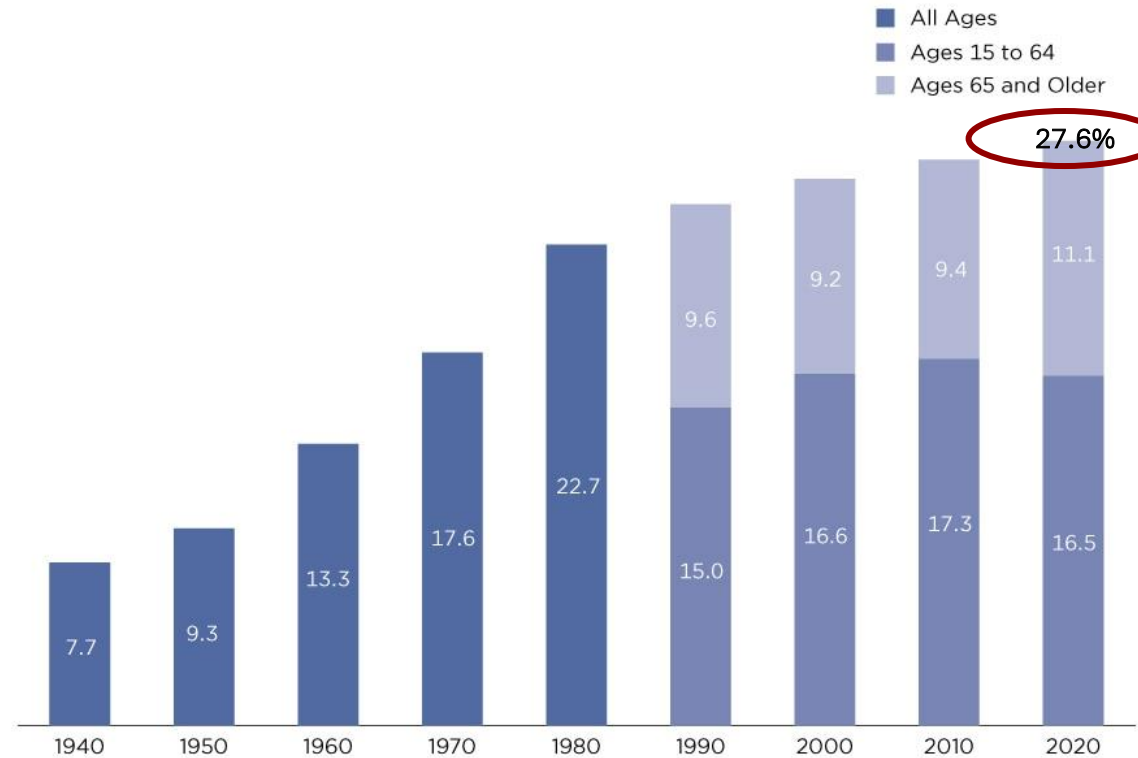
Chart: The Conversation, CC-BY-ND • Source: [U.S. Census Bureau](#) • [Get the data](#)

'Racial minorities are the primary demographic engine of the nation's future growth, countering an aging, slow-growing and soon to be declining white population'

US Census Bureau

Figure 1.

One-Person Households as a Percentage of All U.S. Households: 1940-2020



Note: Alaska and Hawaii are not included in the U.S. totals for 1940 and 1950.

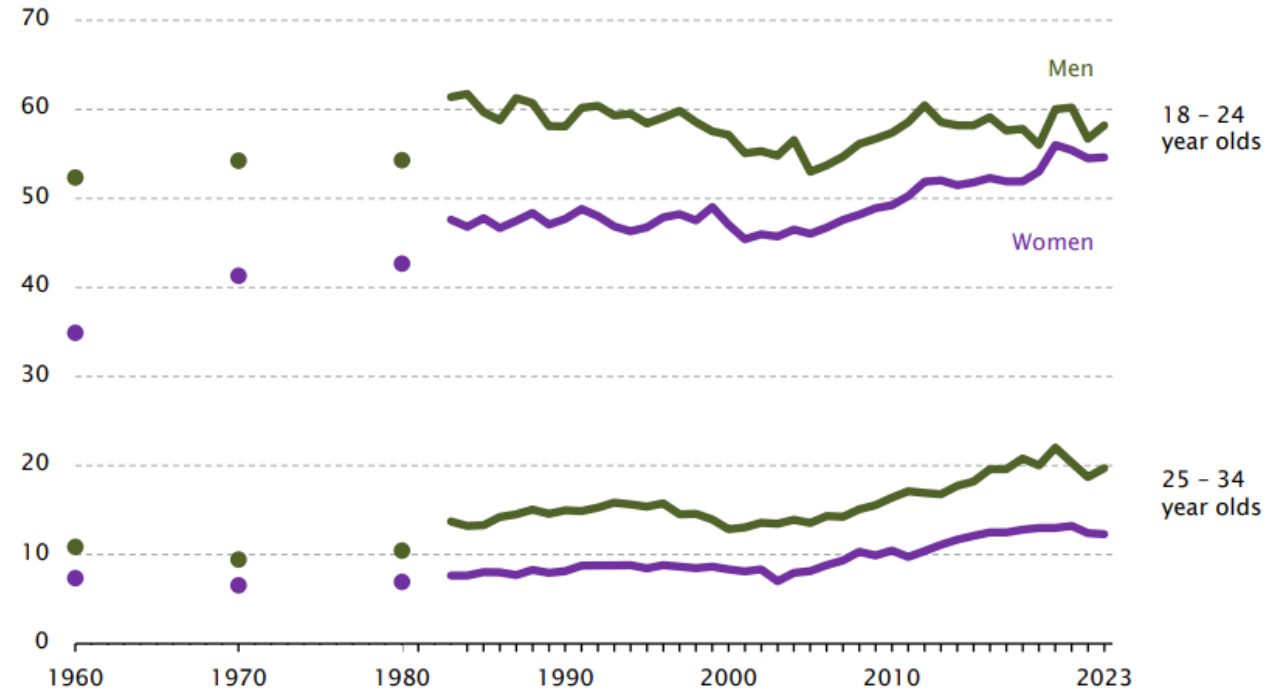
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1940-1990 Censuses; 2000 Census Summary File 2; 2010 Census Summary File 1; 2020 Decennial Census Demographic and Housing Characteristics File (DHC).

One-person households (those living alone) accounted for almost 1 in 3 (30%) of UK households in 2022

Source: ONS, UK Gov

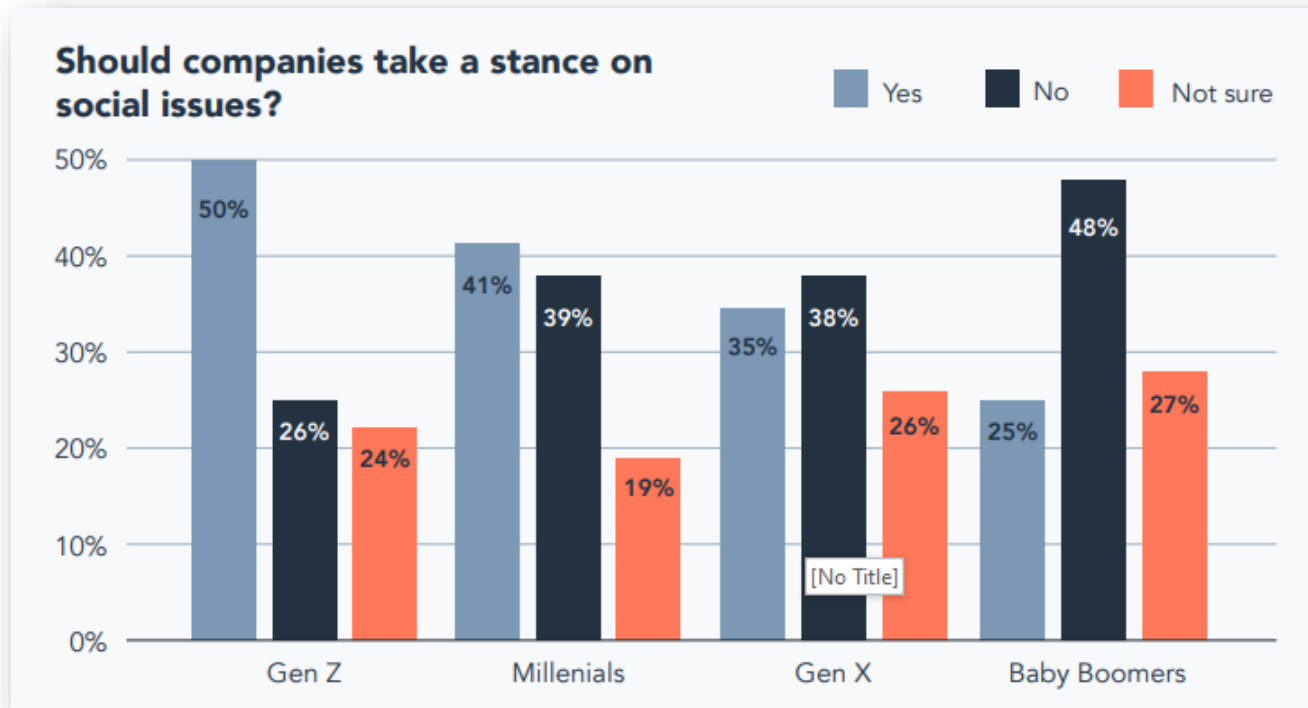
Young adults living in the parental home

Percentage of young adults



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Censuses, 1960 to 1980, and Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements, 1983 to 2023.

Note: Unmarried college students living in dormitories are counted as living in group quarters in decennial data but as living in their parental home in CPS data.



Source: Brand Watch / Hubspot, The State of the US Consumer, 2023

‘Consumers increasingly expect brands to have not just functional benefits but a social purpose.

Brands increasingly use social purpose...and that’s all well and good when it works. But missteps are common, and they can have real consequences’

HBR: Competing on Social Purpose

Attitudes to businesses: August 2020 – by age cohorts

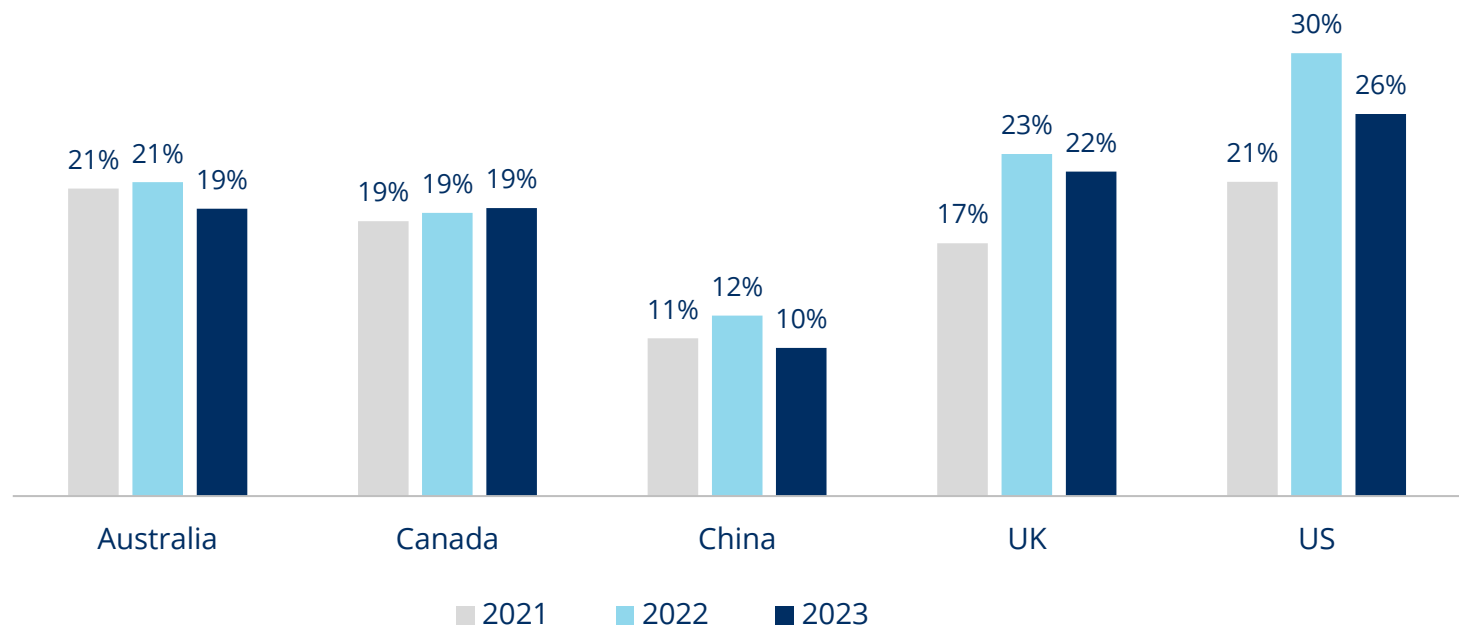
Index: Extent to which purchase decisions are influenced by business supporting the following



Source: Wine Intelligence Vinitrac® US, Aug '20 (23rd July 2020 – 13th August 2020), n= 2,000 US regular wine drinkers wine drinkers

Proportion of RWDs in core markets that have a high connection to sustainability in wine choices

Base = All regular wine drinkers from Australia, Canada, UK and US and all Chinese urban upper-middle class semi-annual imported wine drinkers (n≥ 6,061)



Source: Wine Intelligence, Vinitrac®, Oct '21, (n=6,834), Oct '22, (n=6,254) Global regular wine drinkers from Australia, Canada, China, UK and US

Source: IWSR Wine Intelligence © 2023 IWSR – Not to be reproduced or resold without permission from IWSR

Global Alternative Wine Opportunity Index 2024

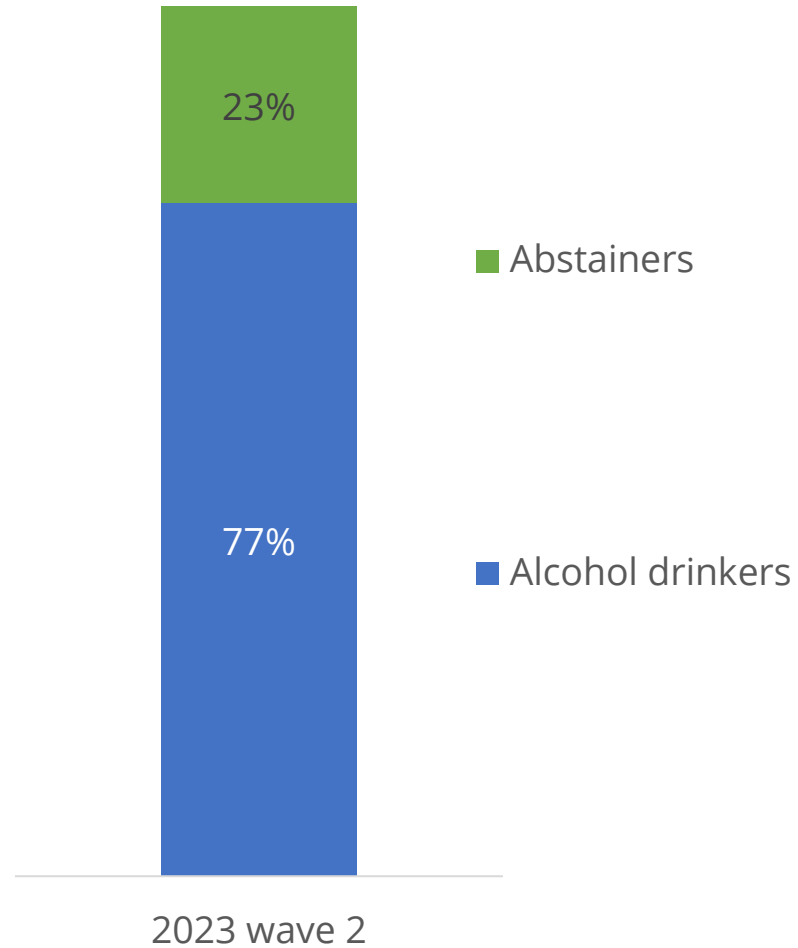
Base = Global regular wine drinkers (n≥15,300)

| | | Index score | Score change | | Rank change | |
|----|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| | | 2024 | vs 2022 | vs 2023 | vs 2022 | vs 2023 |
| 1 | Natural wine | 58.5 | 5.6 | 4.8 | = | = |
| 2 | Organic wine | 54.2 | 4.8 | 3.7 | = | = |
| 3 | Sustainably produced wine | 49.5 | 4.1 | 2.8 | = | = |
| 4 | Environmentally friendly wine | 46.3 | 3.0 | 1.8 | = | = |
| 5 | Preservative-free wine | 43.2 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 1↑ | 1↑ |
| 6 | Fairtrade wine | 41.8 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 1↓ | 1↓ |
| 7 | Wine from a carbon-neutral winery | 40.7 | 3.7 | 2.6 | = | = |
| 8 | Sulphite-free wine | 37.5 | 2.6 | 1.8 | = | = |
| 9 | Pét nat (pétillant naturel) | 37.1 | 4.0 | 3.2 | = | 1↑ |
| 10 | Orange/skin-contact wine | 35.9 | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1↑ | 1↓ |
| 11 | Biodynamic wine | 34.6 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 1↓ | = |
| 12 | Vegan wine | 30.5 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 1↑ | = |
| 13 | Vegetarian wine | 29.5 | 1.7 | 0.3 | 1↓ | = |

Note: The Opportunity Index scores might differ from 2023 report as the markets covered in 2024 have changed and Spain, France and Singapore are not included

Numbers in green / red indicate an index score change of +2 or -2 compared to global average; ↑ / ↓ = Ranked higher / lower than previous wave(s)
Base = All regular wine drinkers (RWDs) (n≥15,300)
Source: IWSR, Vinitrac®, Oct 2021, Oct / Nov 2022, Oct / Nov 2023 (n≥15,300) RWDs from Australia, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Japan, New Zealand, Portugal, Sweden, UK and US, plus Chinese urban upper middle-class semi-annual drinkers of imported wine, Hong Kong semi-annual wine drinkers and South Korea semi-annual imported grape-based wine drinkers

% alcohol drinkers vs. abstainers amongst adult LDA population

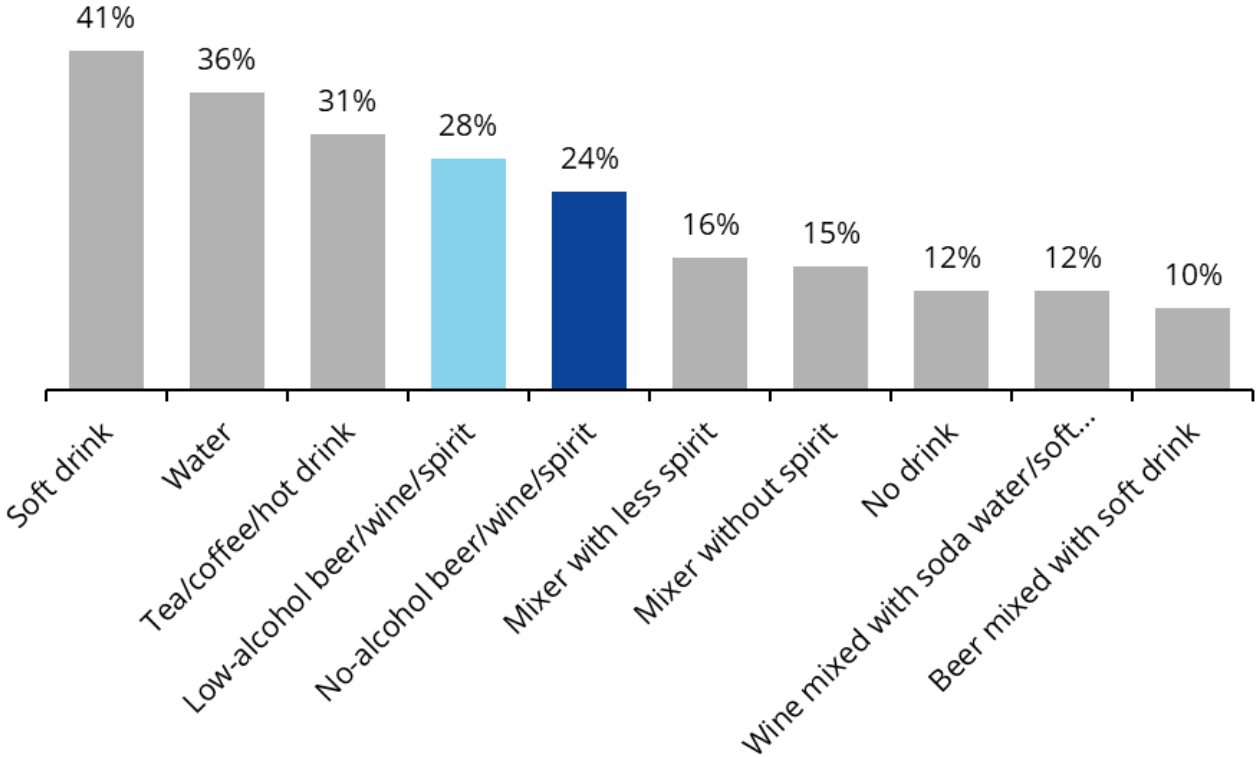


| | % abstainers amongst adult LDA population | % abstainers amongst Gen Z population |
|------------------|---|---|
| Brazil | 21% | 32% |
| UK | 18% | 31% |
| India | 29% | 37% |
| US | 30% | 29% |
| Canada | 25% | 25% |
| Australia | 23% | 31% |
| Japan | 44% | 60% |
| Germany | 24% | 35% |
| Mexico | 15% | 23% |
| China | 9% | 13% |

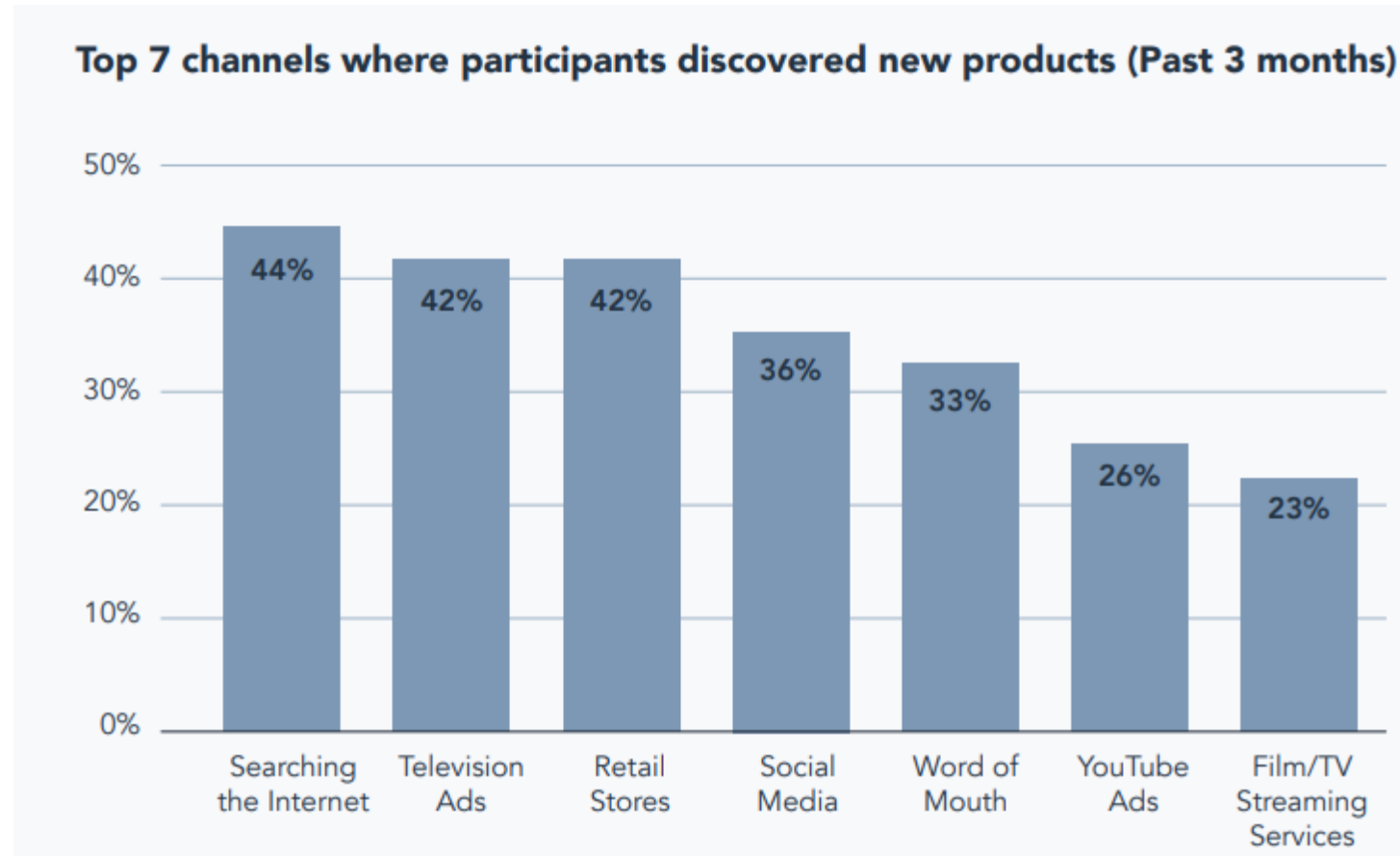
Base: LDA+ adults, n>1,096 per market across 15 key markets, September 2023

Q Last time you chose not to drink when you usually would have, what did you have instead?

Recent Moderation Strategies



Base: LDA+ adults, n> 1000 per market across 15 key markets, 2023







Source: Brand Watch / Hubspot, The State of the US Consumer, 2023

Sources of wine information

Sources where respondents look for opinions or recommendations about wine "sometimes" or "often"
Base = Those who have bought wine online in the past 6 months



Legend

-  Family, friends or colleagues
-  In-store shelf signs / display with information
-  Search engine
-  Comments of online shopping website
-  Lifestyle/cooking magazine wine sections /columns
-  Social media

- Online sources
- Offline sources



Global red wine production
Global red wine consumption

-25% vs. peak in 2004
Down in Europe, up in USA (in last 20 yrs)



Global white wine production
Global white wine consumption

+13% (vs. lowest level in 2002)
Over-took red wine production in 2013

Key driver: Sparkling wine

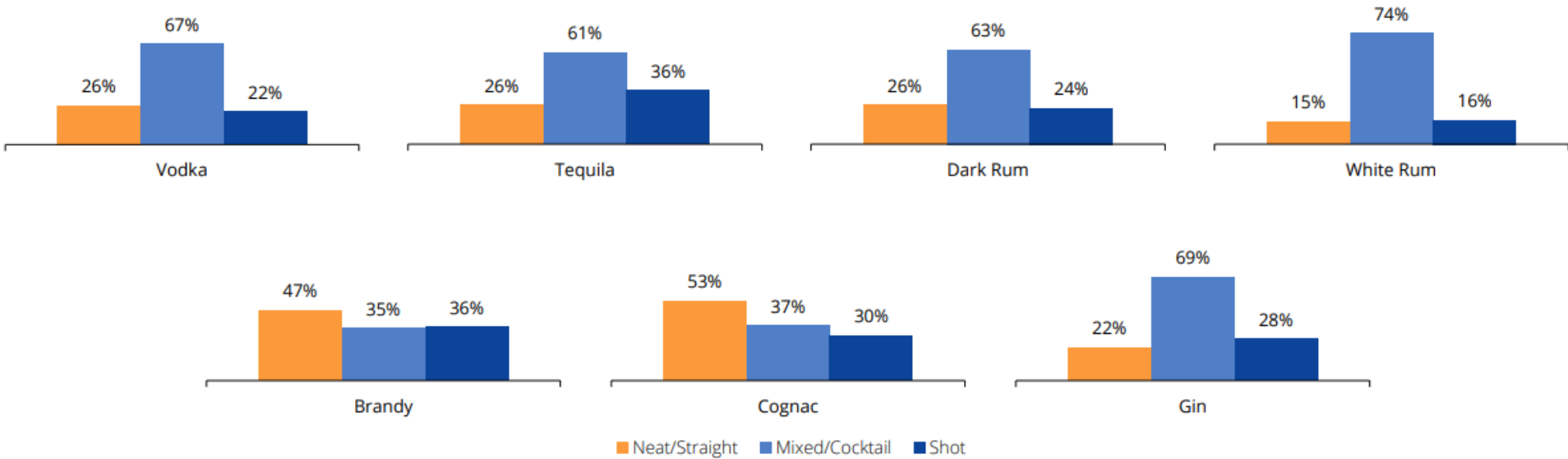
Production: Dominated in Italy – Prosecco
Consumption: USA, Germany, the UK



Global rosé wine production
Global rosé wine consumption

+25% (2001 to 2021) 8% of all wine
Concentrated: UK, Germany, US & France

Q Did you consume your last drink neat, mixed or in a shot?
Drinkers in the Named Category (%)



Base: Drinkers population



This playful **spritz**, created in the South of France, is made by blending two thirds **Mirabeau IGP Rosé** with one third Fever-Tree Raspberry & Orange Blossom Soda.



‘We just heard from Nielsen that our Stella Rosa Pineapple & Chili wine became the number one best-selling new SKU wine of the year in the US’

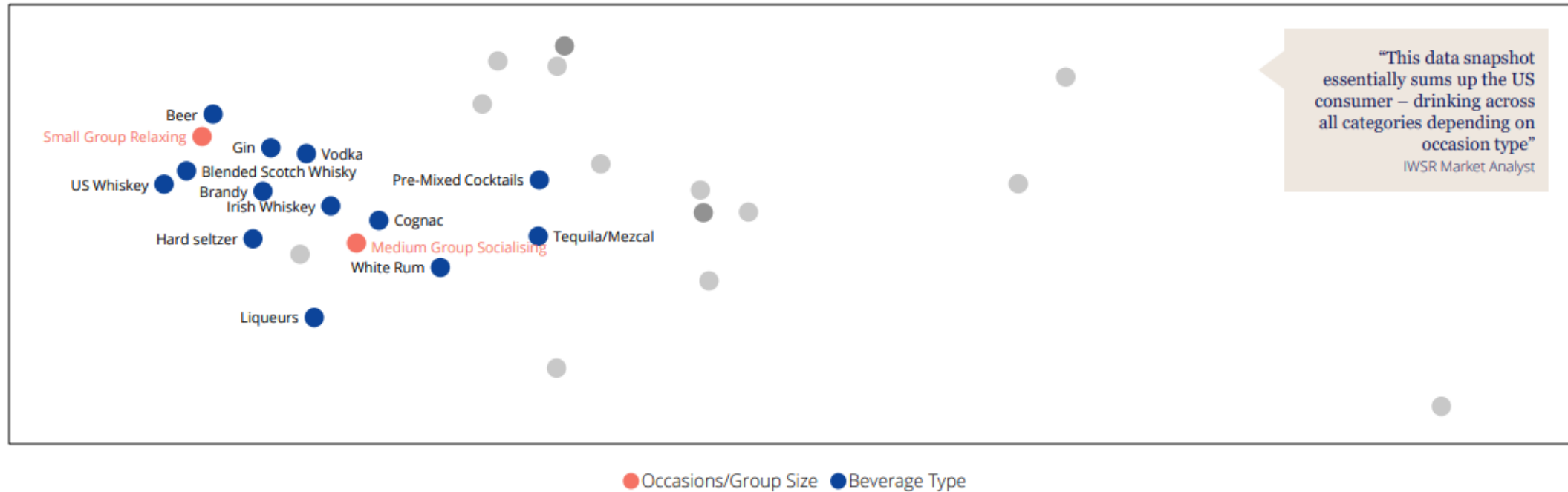
Steve Riboli, CEO of Riboli Family Vineyards, 2024

Connection Between Categories, Group Size and Settings

Correspondence Analysis*



Connection Between Categories, Group Size and Settings Correspondence Analysis*



Base: Drinkers population. *Correspondence analysis measures the closeness of relationships between attributes. Note that the associations are not exclusive: most drinks can be consumed on most occasions, while some drinks are consumed more often in occasions where corresponding labels appear closer to each other. Group size definitions: Small = 1-2; Medium = 3-4; Large = 5+

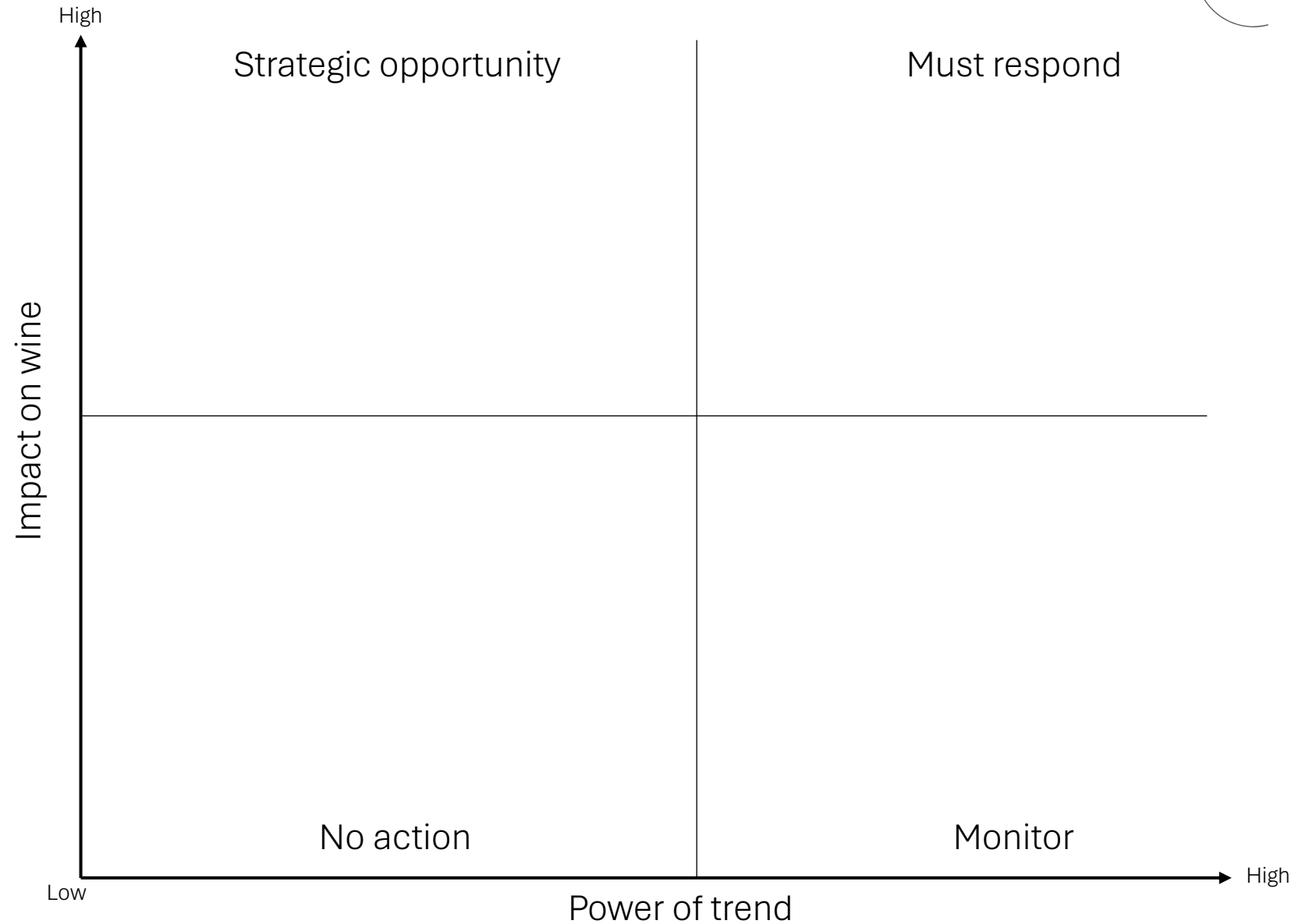
Connection Between Categories, Group Size and Settings

Correspondence Analysis*

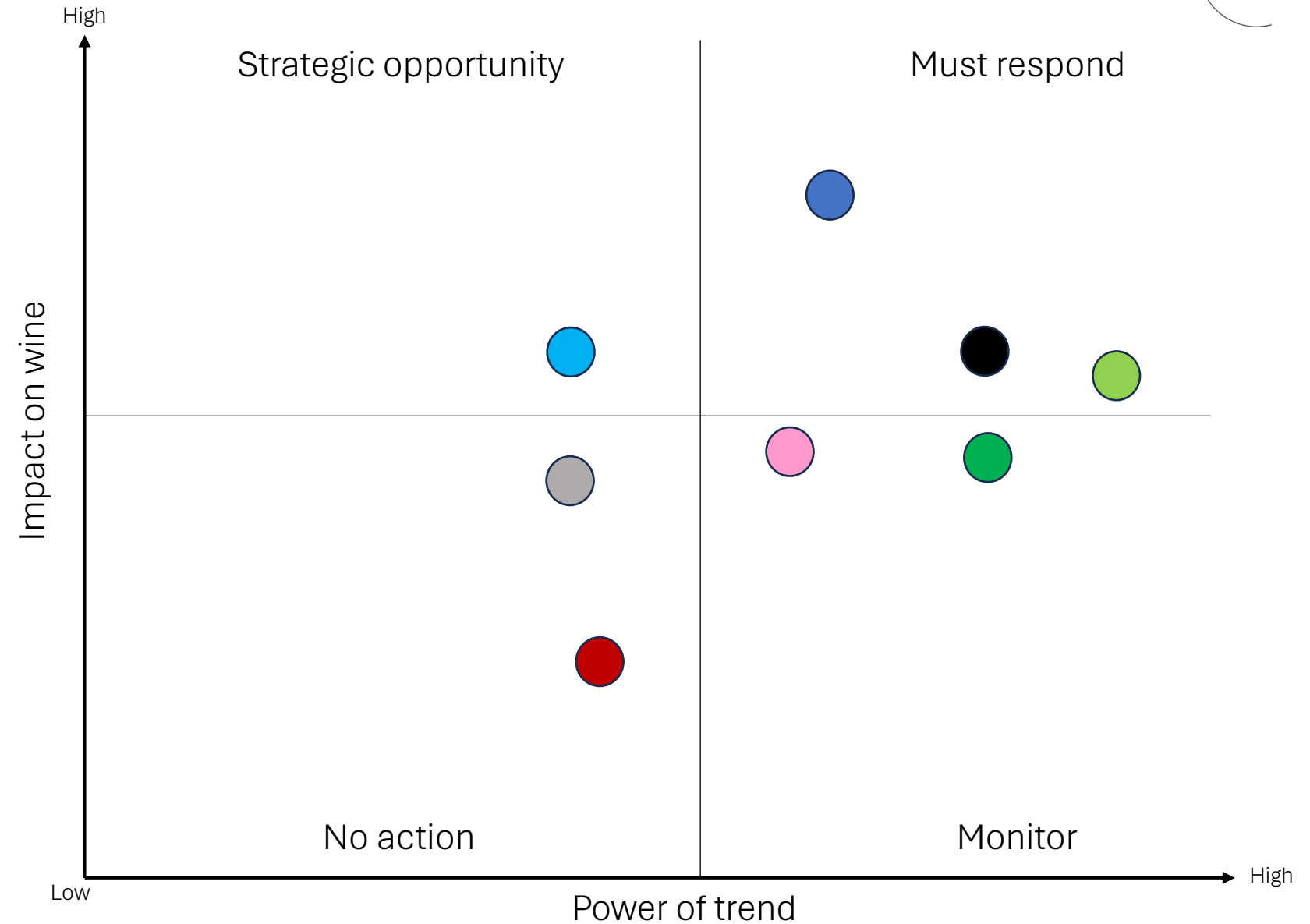


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Impact of Key Consumer Trends in Wine



Impact of Key Consumer Trends in Wine



Session 3:

Developing effective products and brands

The Marketing Process in Market Oriented Organisations

01 Understanding

Diagnostics: Understand your customers' needs, wants and drivers through research & segmentation

02 Strategy

Define measurable goals, building on targeting and positioning

03 Tactics

Execute strategy via brand, product, price and place (distribution)

04 Communication

Develop and execute integrated communications plan

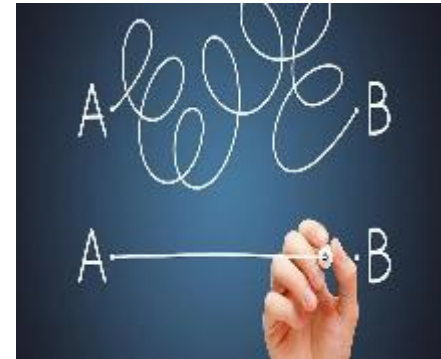


How well do you know Gen Z wine consumers in the USA?

| | | Yes | No |
|---|--|-----|----|
| 1 | More likely than others to drink craft beer | | |
| 2 | More likely to drink wine with an informal meal in a pub / bar / restaurant | | |
| 3 | More strongly influence by grape variety, country of origin and brand when choosing wine | | |
| 4 | More likely to drink wine from Argentina | | |
| 5 | More likely to drink wine from Chile | | |
| 6 | More likely to drink Carmenère | | |
| 7 | More likely to drink Malbec | | |
| 8 | More positive towards screwcaps | | |
| 9 | More likely to be positive towards 'sweet and juicy' red wines | | |
| | | | |

What is a brand?

A brand is both the physical features that identify products and the consumer perceptions, associations and expectations of that differentiated product



Short cut identifier

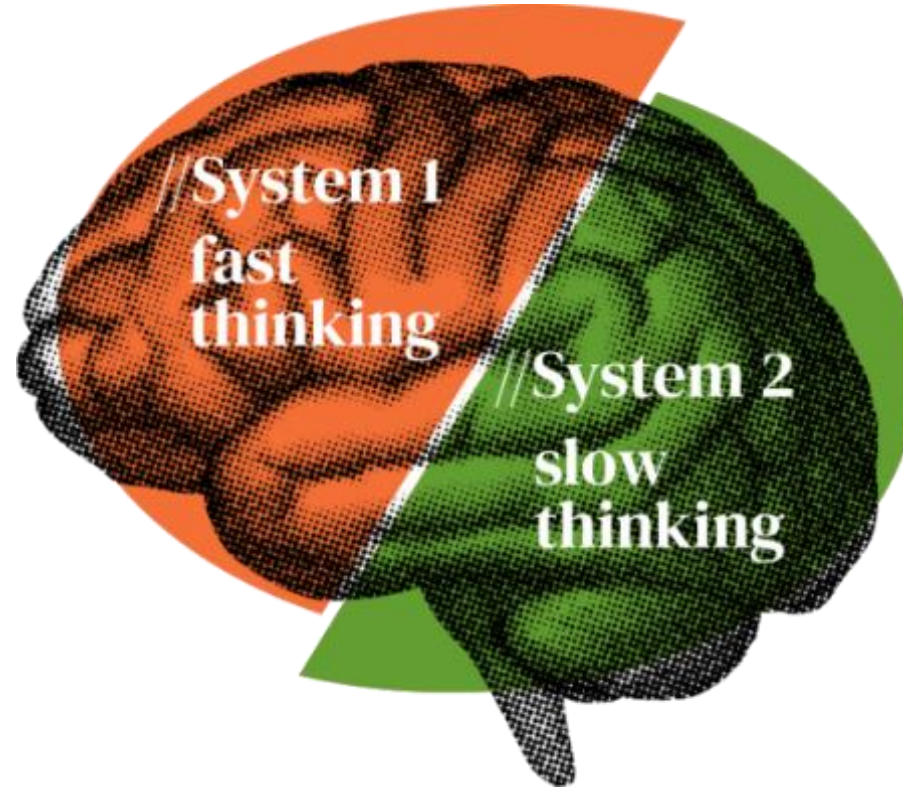


Reference builder

How do we assimilate information?

System 1:

Primitive, unconscious, instinctive effortless, automatic, fast & low energy



System 2:

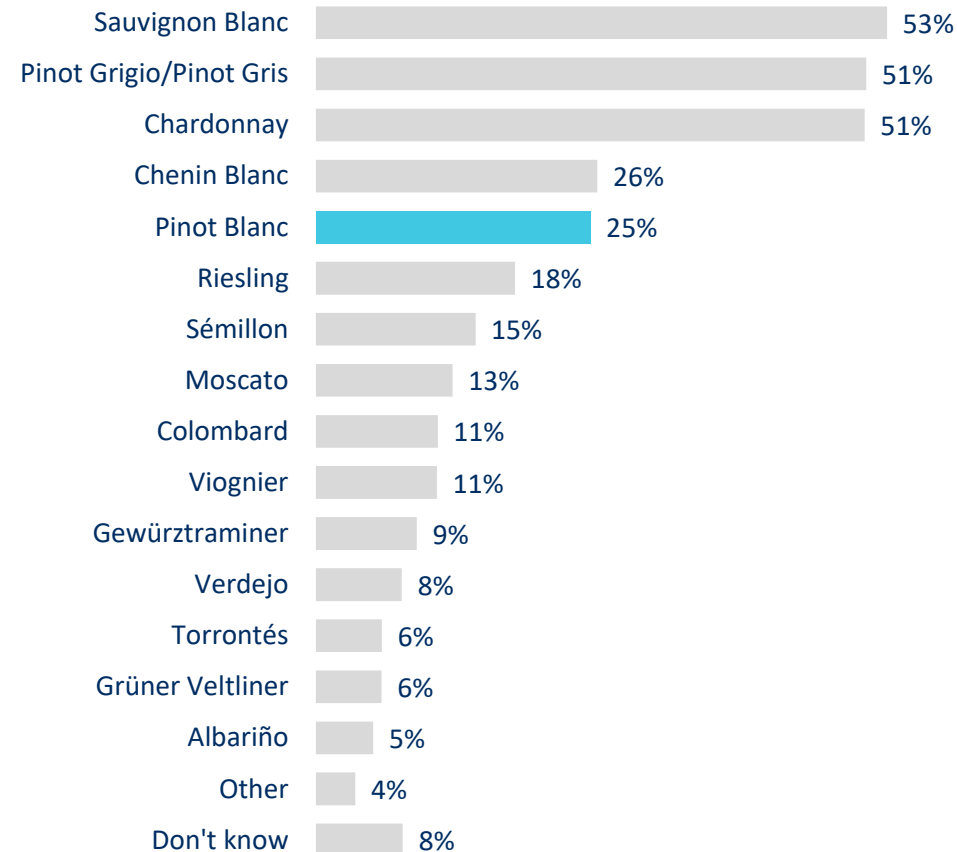
Conscious, calculating, reflective, reasoned, slow & energy intensive

How well do our memories work?

White varietal consumption

% who have drunk the following varietals in the past 6 months

Base = All UK regular wine drinkers (n=1,005)

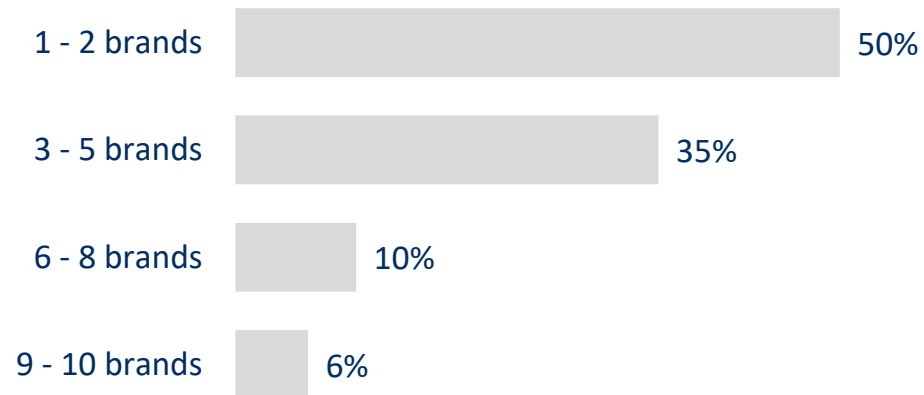


Awareness only or whole purchase funnel?

Unprompted

How many wine brands can US regular wine drinkers recall unprompted?

Base: those who recalled at least one brand

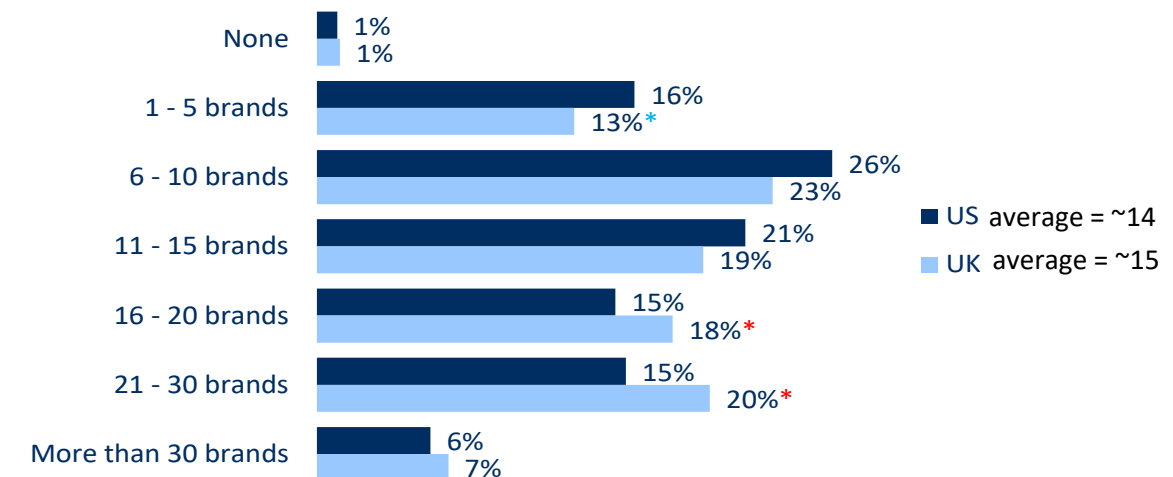


Source: Wine Intelligence, Vinitrac® US, July 2016, n=2,003 US regular wine drinkers

Prompted

Number of wine brands known by regular wine drinkers

From a total of 51 brands tested in the US, 52 brands in the UK



Source: Wine Intelligence, Vinitrac® UK, July 2016, n=1,005 UK regular wine drinkers; Vinitrac® US, July 2016, n=2,003 US regular wine drinkers

Awareness only or whole purchase funnel?



Differentiation

versus

Distinctiveness

‘60% brand success is distinctiveness’
Kantar

Growth through differentiation AND distinctiveness



Differentiation

Ensuring your brand is perceived to be
RELATIVELY different

...on associations that matter to your
target consumers

...enough to influence purchase
decisions

Distinctiveness

Making your brand easily identified by
consumers

...whilst ensuring that the brand 'looks
like itself'

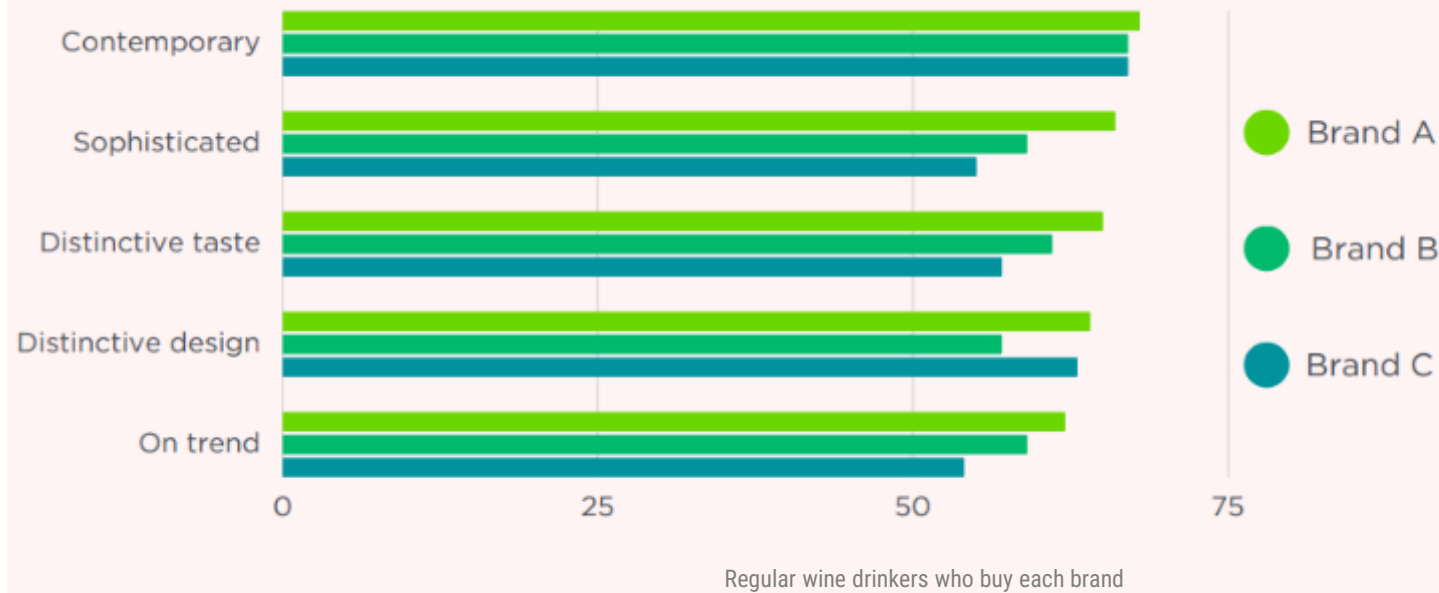
...and comes to mind in buying situations

Differentiation vs. distinctiveness?

Wine brand associations

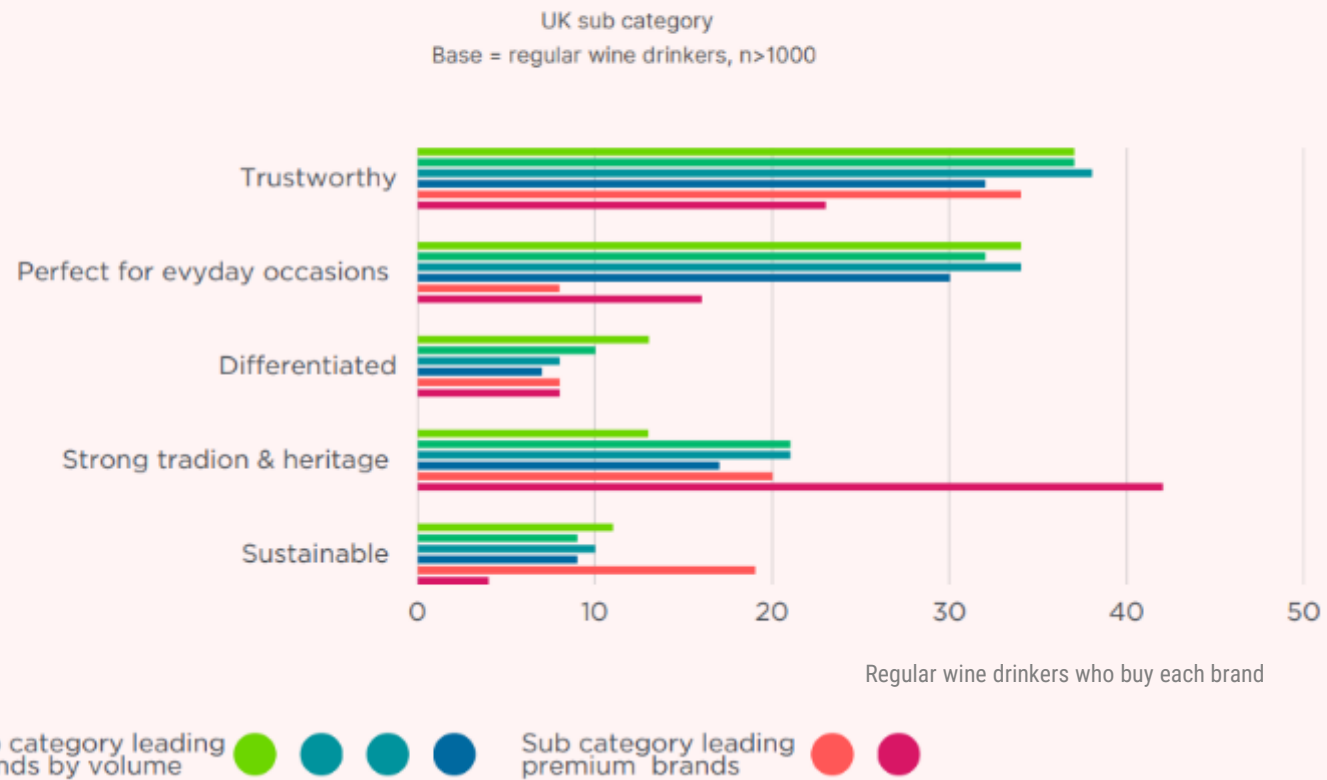
UK top 3 brands in wine sub category

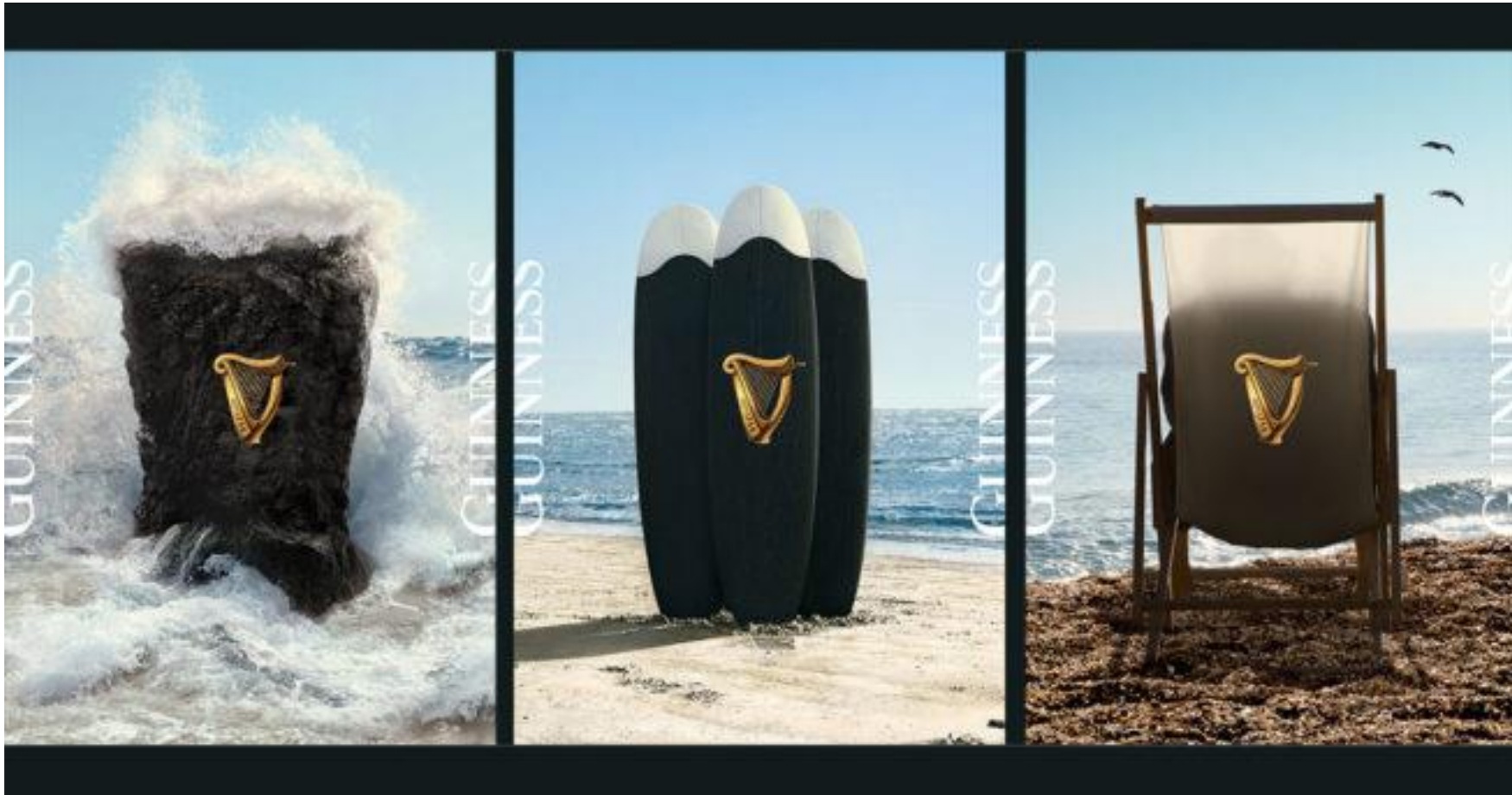
Base = regular wine drinkers, n>2000



Differentiation vs. distinctiveness?

Wine brand associations







Mistake #1

Believe that focusing on quality & origin leads to meaningful differentiation



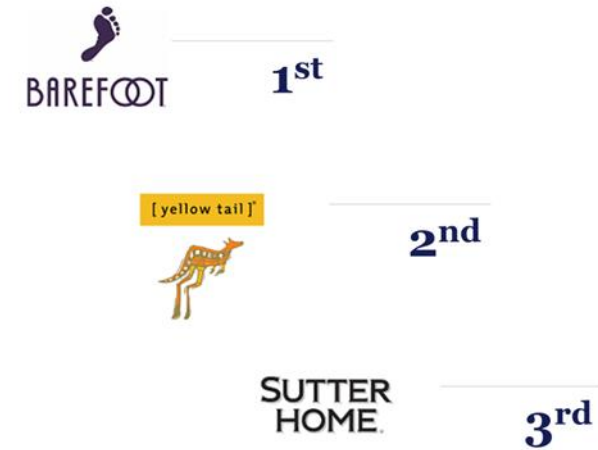
Mistake #2

Think our job is to
change stuff



Mistake #3 Create brand complexity

US Brand Power



Wine brand growth check list questions:

1. Who are my target consumers and what do they value?
2. What is my positioning and relative differentiation?
3. What are my distinctive brand assets?
4. How am I building brand awareness?

Wine growth to 2030:

1. Wine will continue to be consumed – but reduced volumes at the lower price points
2. Reduction in alcohol consumption will continue – with limited opportunity for no/lo wine
3. Continued ‘less but better’ in wine consumption
4. Regular wine drinkers will be ‘older’
5. Proportional growth in white, rose and sparkling wine will outpace growth in red
6. Consistent & distinctive brands will take market share



E: Lulie@intellima.co.uk

T: +44(0)7771 600604