



SAN JUAN

W
WINES OF ARGENTINA
A

SAN JUAN

Terroir characteristics



LOCATION

Viticultural area

30° 13' | 31° 59'

SOUTH LATITUDE

68° 25' | 69° 25'

WEST LONGITUDE



TEMP.

Annual Average

17° C

63° F

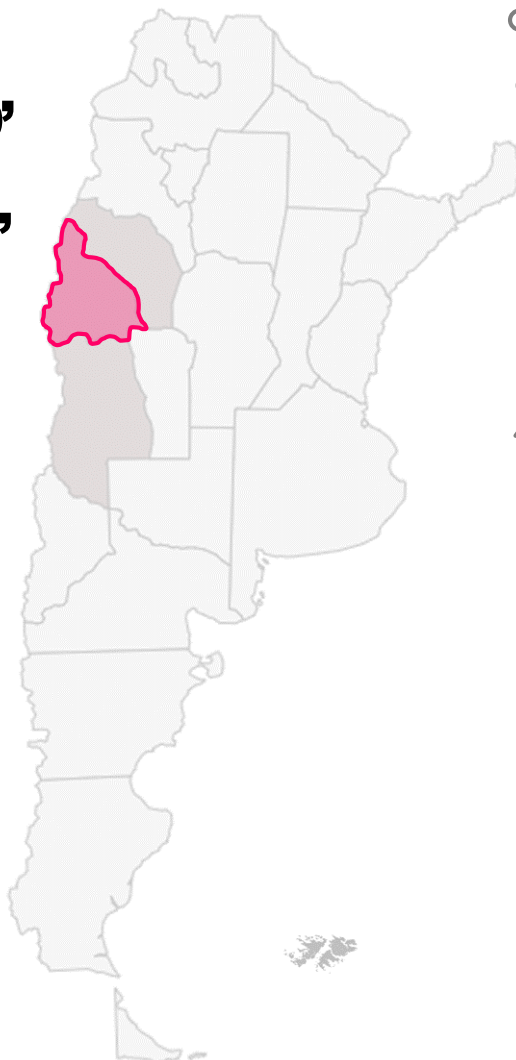


RAINFALL

Annual Average

150 mm/year

5,5 in/year



CULTIVATED SURFACE

for vinification*

Ha: **31.960,4**

Ac: **78.977,34**

16.1% of the country

17% of the region



ALTITUDE

of the vineyards

550 - 2.000 masl

1.805 - 6.562 fasl



HIGHLIGHTS

2nd most cultivated wine province in Argentina after Mendoza.

The viticultural activity is positioned in a series of valleys spread across the center-west of the province (IGs): Pedernal, Calingasta, Zonda, Ullum, Iglesia and Jáchal.

SAN JUAN



- | Key role in the wine industry.
- | Wine tradition since the 17th Century. Historical producer of table wines.
- | 1990's - Regions of altitude, cold climates.
- | 2000's – Global recognition for its wines.
- | Continental climate, dry and warm. (Winkler V, IV, III and II)
- | Excellent luminosity.



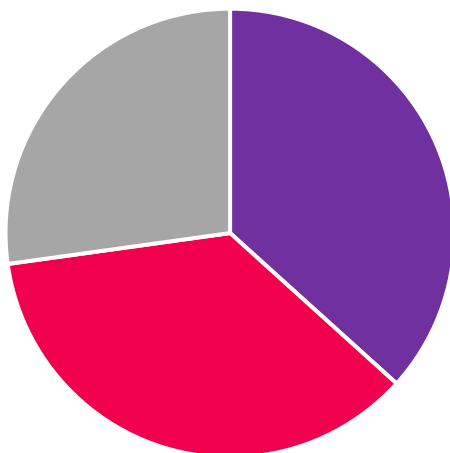
SAN JUAN

Main varieties

DISTRIBUTION by colour*



Red grapes | **37,8%**
White grapes | **25,9%**
Pink grapes | **36,3%**

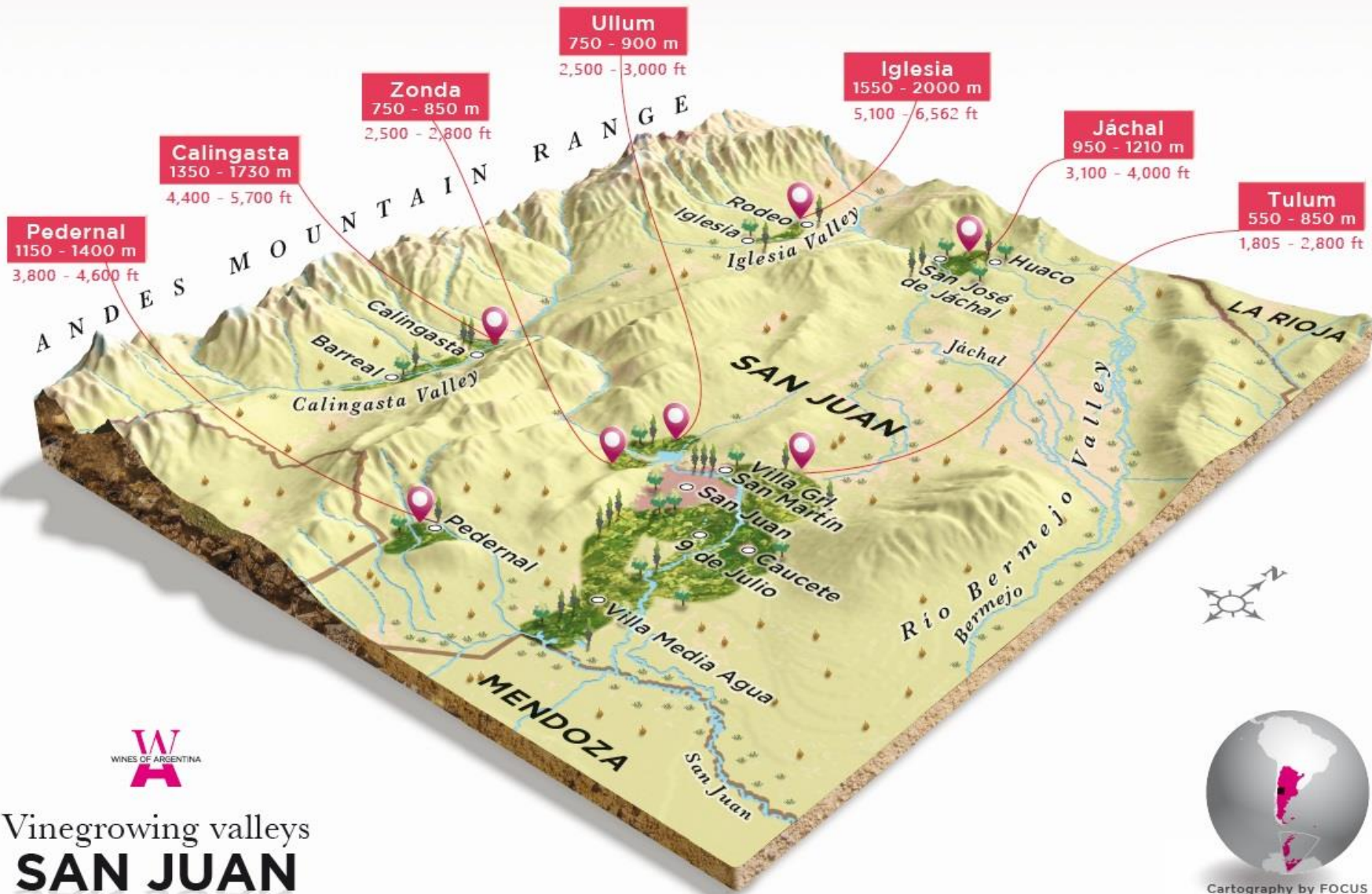


MAIN GRAPE VARIETIES

Most planted*

Torrontés
 Malbec
 Syrah
 Bonarda
 Pedro Giménez

	Ha	Acres	%	%
SAN JUAN	31960,4	78.977,34	Province	Color
Red (vinification)	12068,6	29.822,72	37,76%	100,00%
Malbec	2913,9	7.200,54	9,12%	24,14%
Syrah	2482,0	6.133,27	7,77%	20,57%
Bonarda	2209,9	5.460,88	6,91%	18,31%
Cabernet Sauvignon	1404,9	3.471,65	4,40%	11,64%
Merlot	388,1	959,03	1,21%	3,22%
Tannat	299,5	740,09	0,94%	2,48%
Tempranillo	154,4	381,54	0,48%	1,28%
Cabernet Franc	129,8	320,75	0,41%	1,08%
Petit Verdot	95,3	235,50	0,30%	0,79%
Pinot Noir	27,6	68,20	0,09%	0,23%
Other	1963,2	4.851,26	6,14%	16,27%
White (vinification)	8282,2	20.466,14	25,91%	100,00%
Pedro Giménez	2159,3	5.335,85	6,76%	26,07%
Moscatel de Alejandría	1698,0	4.195,93	5,31%	20,50%
Torrontés Sanjuanino	1420,9	3.511,19	4,45%	17,16%
Torrontés Riojano	808,6	1.998,13	2,53%	9,76%
Chardonnay	681,1	1.683,07	2,13%	8,22%
Torrontés Mendocino	333,5	824,11	1,04%	4,03%
Sauvignon Blanc	225,8	557,97	0,71%	2,73%
Viognier	224,5	554,76	0,70%	2,71%
Chenin	191,1	472,23	0,60%	2,31%
Semillón	33,6	83,03	0,11%	0,41%
Riesling	8,9	21,99	0,03%	0,11%
Other	496,9	1.227,89	1,55%	6,00%
Pink (vinification)	11609,5	28.688,24	36,32%	100,00%
Cereza	10769,6	26.612,76	33,70%	92,77%
Criolla Grande	420,8	1.039,84	1,32%	3,62%
Criolla Chica	88,9	219,68	0,28%	0,77%
Criolla Mediana	6,6	16,31	0,02%	0,06%
Other	323,6	799,65	1,01%	2,79%



Vinegrowing valleys **SAN JUAN**



Cartography by FOCUS

PEDERNAL VALLEY GI

Terroir characteristics



The province of San Juan is located on the western edge of Argentina, at the foot of the Andes. A territory dominated by mountains that occupy more than 80% of its surface.

Pedernal Valley is located in the southwest part of the province, 90 km (56 miles) from the city of San Juan.



CULTIVATED SURFACE
for vinification*



Ha: **820**

Ac: **2.026,3**

0.41% of the country

2.57% of the region



LOCATION
Viticultural area

32° 08'

SOUTH LATITUDE

68° 53'

WEST LONGITUDE



ALTITUDE
of the vineyards

1.250 – 1.500 masl

4.500 – 5.000 fasl



TEMP.
Annual Average

28° C

82° F



RAINFALL
Annual Average

150 mm/year

5,5 in/year



MAIN GRAPE VARIETIES

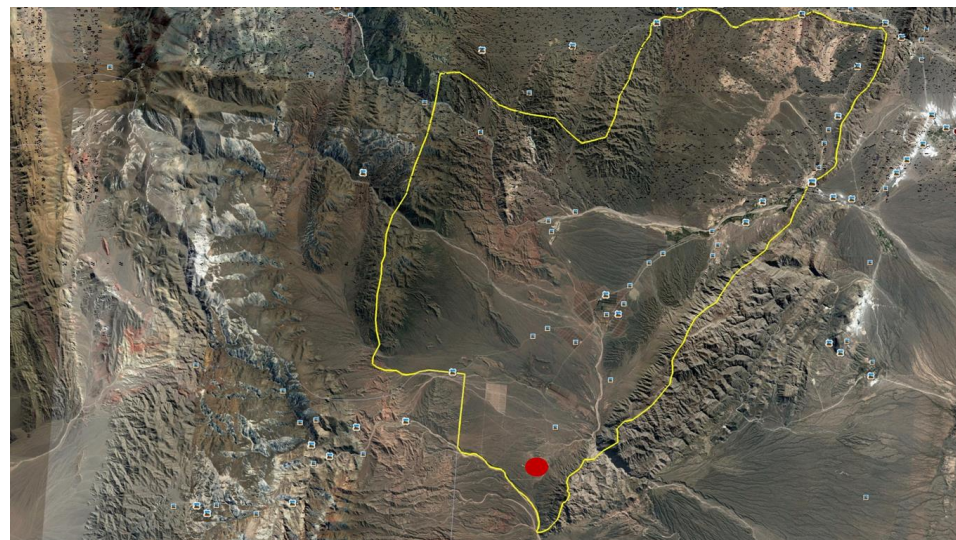
Malbec

Cabernet Sauvignon

Syrah

Merlot

Chardonnay



CALINGASTA GI

San Juan



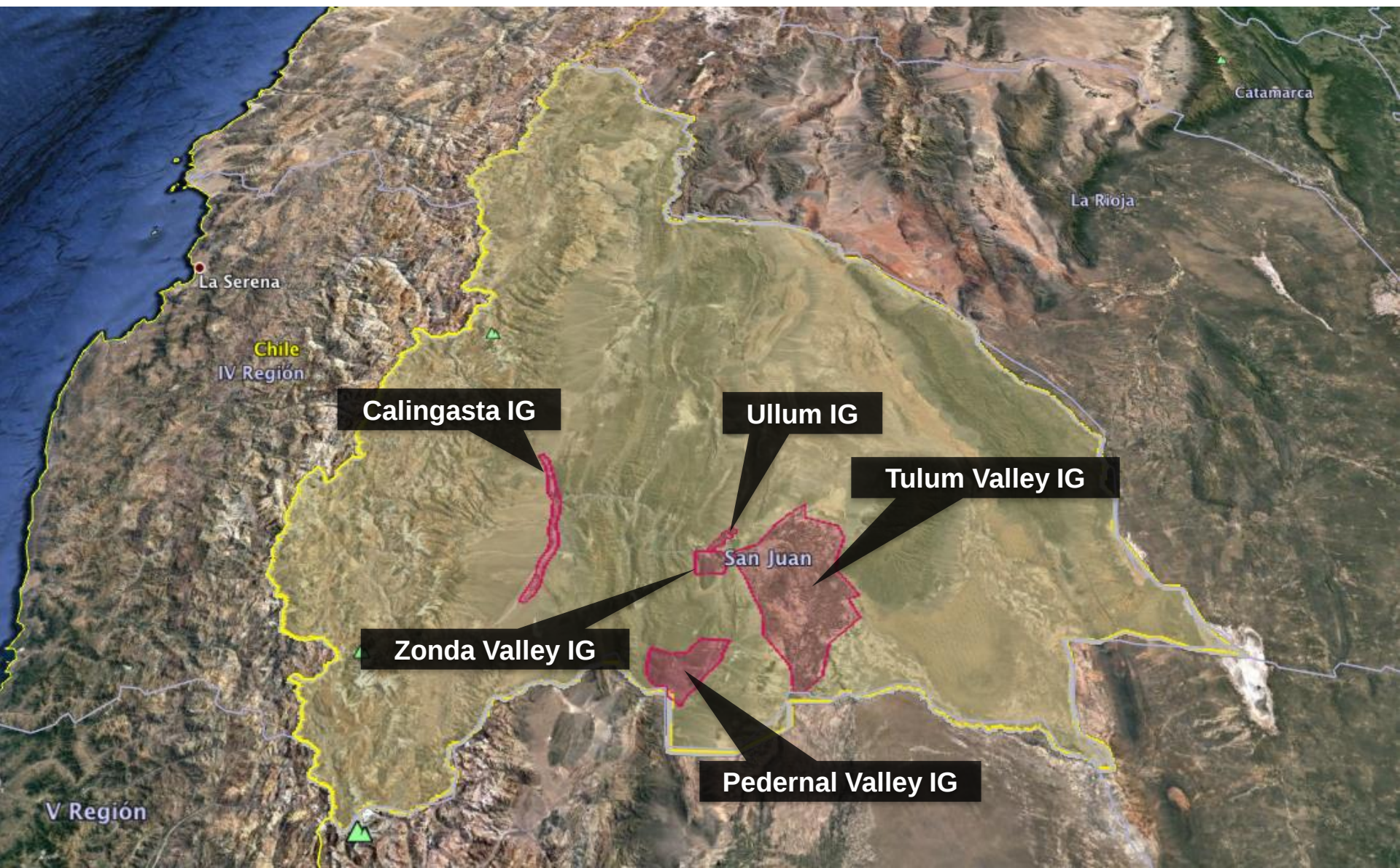
Ha: **189,5**
Ac: **468,27**

- | 100km long valley, located between the Cordillera de los Andes (W) and Precordillera (E).
- | Planted in mid 20th Century mainly with Criolla grapes: Moscatel blanco, Torrontés Sanjuanino y Listán Prieto.
- | Development is currently focused on red varieties: **171 ha** (red varieties)
 - 109 ha Malbec,
 - 37 ha Cabernet Sauvignon.
- | Altitude: 1350 - 1750 masl.
- | Rainfall regime: >50-100 mm/y
- | Winkler III, with 350 days of sun a year; thermal amplitude 23°
- | Mainly alluvial soil, with several deposits, some coluvial.



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GIs





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