



SAN JUAN

W
WINES OF ARGENTINA
A

SAN JUAN

Terroir characteristics



LOCATION

Viticultural area

30°13' | 31° 59'

SOUTH LATITUDE

68°25' | 69°25'

WEST LONGITUDE



TEMP.

Annual Average

17° C

63° F



RAINFALL

Annual Average

150 mm/year

5,5 in/year



CULTIVATED SURFACE

for vinification*

Ha: 33.262,4

Ac: 82,194.72

16.5%

17.4%



of the country

of the region



ALTITUDE

of the vineyards

550 - 2.000 masl

1.805 - 6.562 fasl



HIGHLIGHTS

2nd most cultivated wine province in Argentina after Mendoza.

The viticultural activity is positioned in a series of valleys spread across the center-west of the province.

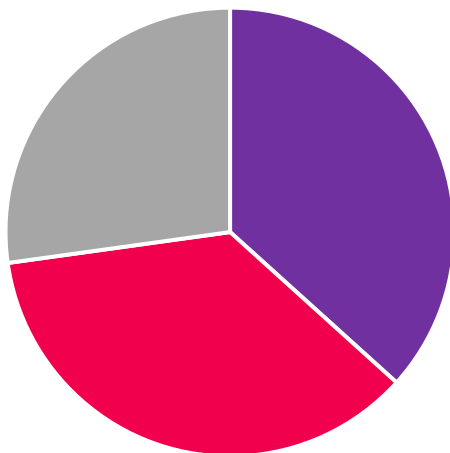
SAN JUAN

Main varieties

DISTRIBUTION by colour*



Red grapes | 36,7%
White grapes | 27,2%
Rosé Grapes | 36,1%



MAIN GRAPE VARIETIES

Most planted*

Torrontés
 Syrah
 Malbec
 Bonarda
 Cabernet Sauvignon

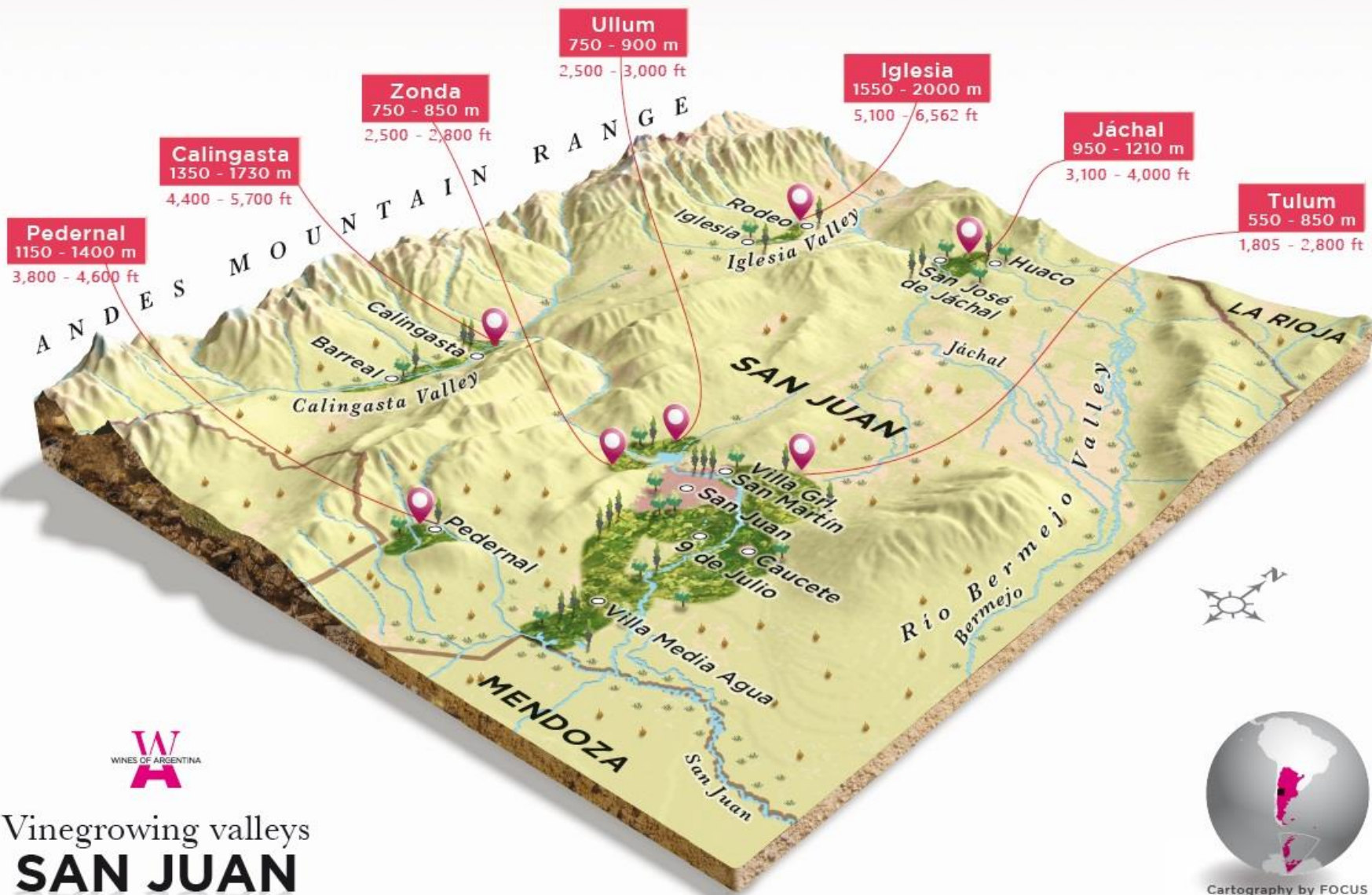
	Hectares	Acres	%
SAN JUAN	33,262.4	82,194.72	
Reds for vinification:	12,214.2	30,182.51	% Reds
Syrah	2,706.9	6,689.02	22.16
Malbec	2,651.5	6,552.12	21.71
Bonarda	2,280.7	5,635.84	18.67
Cabernet Sauvignon	1,479.8	3,656.73	12.12
Merlot	413.1	1,020.81	3.38
Tannat	328.5	811.76	2.69
Tempranillo	177.2	437.88	1.45
Cabernet Franc	124.0	306.42	1.02
Petit Verdot	96.8	239.20	0.79
Pinot Noir	26.7	65.98	0.22
Other red varieties	1,929.0	4,766.75	15.79
Whites for vinification:	9,041.2	22,341.71	% Whites
Torrontés Sanjuanino	1,541.7	3,809.69	17.05
Torrontés Riojano	836.3	2,066.58	9.25
Chardonnay	725.7	1,793.28	8.03
Torrontés Mendocino	353.2	872.79	3.91
Chenin	251.4	621.23	2.78
Sauvignon Blanc	246.8	609.87	2.73
Viognier	235.2	581.20	2.60
Semillón	35.1	86.74	0.39
Riesling	10.1	24.96	0.11
Other white varieties	4,805.7	11,875.37	53.15
Rosé grapes for vinif.:	12,007.0	29,670.50	

SAN JUAN



- | Key role in the wine industry.
- | Wine tradition since the 17th Century. Historical producer of table wines.
- | 1990's - Regions of altitude, cold climates.
- | 2000's - Global recognition for its wines.
- | Continental climate, dry and warm. (Winkler V, IV, III and II)
- | Excellent luminosity.





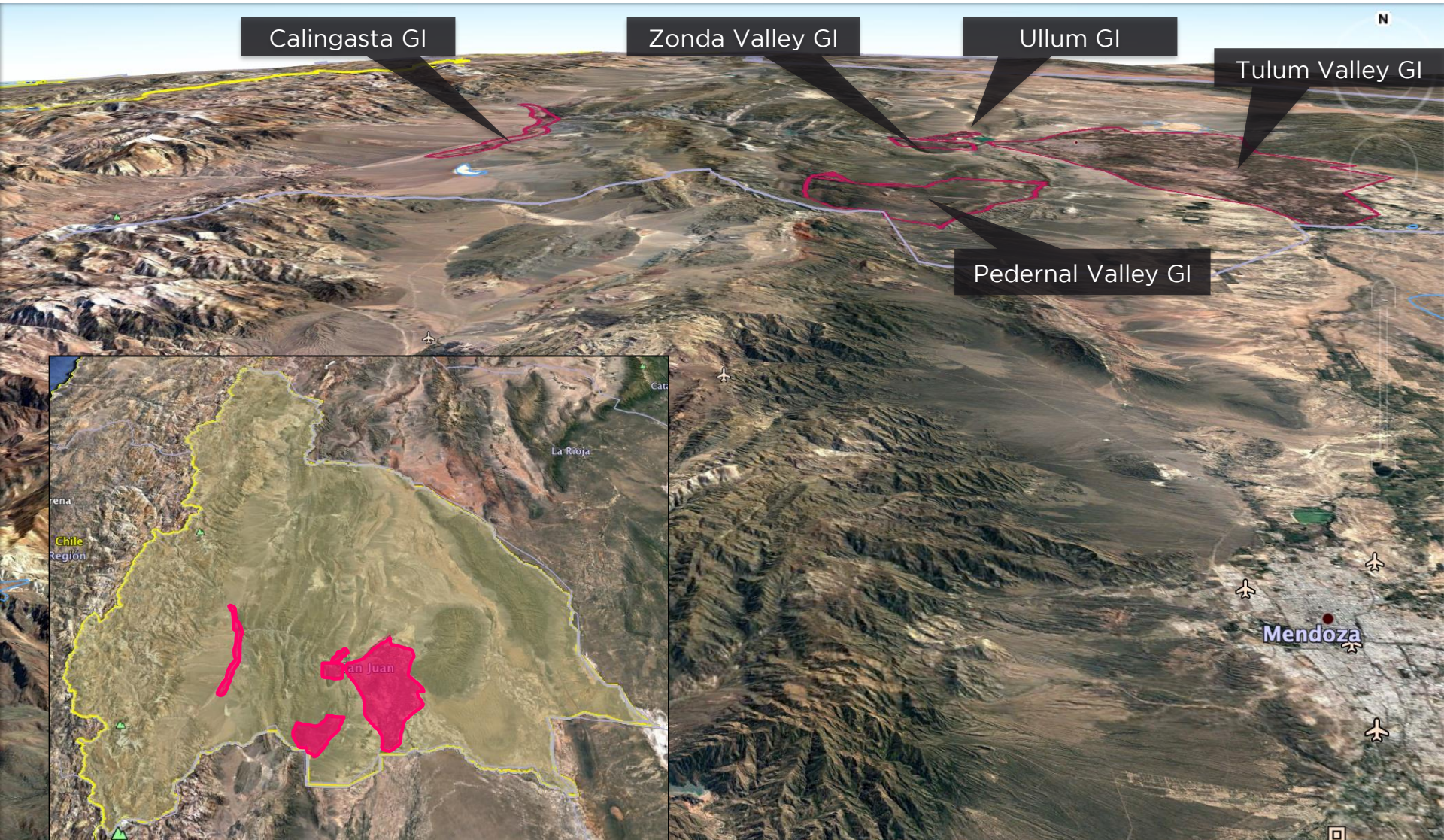
Vinegrowing valleys **SAN JUAN**



Cartography by FOCUS

SAN JUAN

GIs





- | Valley located to the south of San Juan (90km south west of the city) between two pre cordilleras and protected by hills.
- | Landscape of hillsides with different orientations, exposures, altitudes and slopes.
- | GI approved in 2007.
- | Continental climate, arid and desert. Precipitation 150/200 mm/year, so that it resorts to pressurized irrigation.
- | The soils mix elements of varying antiquity. Sandy loam rich in calcareous and flint (pedernales) rocks.
- | Main varieties: Malbec, Cabernet Franc, Syrah, Sauvignon Blanc, Chardonnay, Gewurztraminer.

CALINGASTA GI

San Juan



- | 100km long valley, located between the Cordillera de los Andes (W) and Precordillera (E).
- | Planted in mid 20th Century mainly with Criolla grapes: Moscatel blanco, Torrontés Sanjuanino y Listán Prieto.
- | Development is currently focused on red varieties: Malbec and Cabernet Sauvignon.
- | Altitude: 1350 - 1750 masl.
- | Rainfall regime: >50-100 mm/y, with 350 days of sun a year; thermal amplitude 23°
- | Mainly alluvial soil, with several deposits, some coluvial.





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